

THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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GREENSBORO, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1911.

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CRIMINAL TERM SUPERIOR COURT BEGAN YESTERDAY

Several Cases Disposed of During Day—Large Number of Retailing Cases Are on Docket, Which Was Nearly Doubled Yesterday—The New Cases.

When Guilford Superior Court convened yesterday morning it was thought that there would be but little work to be done before final adjournment was taken for the term. However, during the day cases poured in until last night seventy cases were docketed, with others to be added.

After the organization of the court yesterday morning the docket was gone over and several cases continued, while others were simply carried forward under former order. Several cases were disposed of during the day, but none of them were of importance.

W. M. Pritchard and J. W. Hanner pleaded guilty to the charge of gambling. After hearing the evidence Judge Daniels fined Pritchard \$15 and half the costs and Hanner \$10 and half the costs. In the case against Grover Small and Henry Dillard, the charge being forcible trespass, judgment was suspended on payment of costs. George Smith was found not guilty of retailing, there being two cases against him. The case against James Willard, of High Point, charge retailing, was taken up and was in progress when court adjourned for the day. Attorney Ragan, counsel for Willard, made a strong fight to have the case postponed for a day or two, while Attorney Zollicoffer, who assisted in the prosecution, requested immediate trial.

The case against the Red Oil Company was continued until the next term, being set for trial on the first day.

The following new cases were docketed yesterday:

State vs. Southern Railway Company, blocking sidewalks.

State vs. John Young, highway robbery, (two cases.)

State vs. Richard Durham, perjury.

State vs. Lula Robins, perjury.

State vs. Alex Chaffin, Sr., and Alex Chaffin, Jr., larceny.

State vs. Troy Fitzgerald, larceny, (called and failed.)

State vs. John Cecil, retailing.

State vs. J. G. Pike and Durand Fields, appeal by prosecutor to pay costs.

State vs. Will Colston, perjury.

State vs. Essal Cain, perjury.

State vs. Charlie Whitfield, retailing.

State vs. Phillip Medlin, false pretense.

State vs. R. Siler, Annie Williams, Jim Graves, highway robbery.

State vs. Charlie Johnson, robbery and assault, (called and failed.)

State vs. Geo. Phipps, c. c. w. and assault, (called and failed.)

State vs. David B. Green, seduction (set for Thursday morning.)

State vs. Robert Reeves, larceny.

State vs. Joe White and Charlie Ford, assault with intent to kill.

State vs. Frank Pennington, abandonment.

State vs. Sam Harris, retailing.

State vs. John Hart, retailing (two cases.)

State vs. W. F. Stinnett, retailing, (two cases.)

State vs. Annie Brown, keeping disorderly house.

SWALLOWED SPLINTER;
DEATH RESULTED.

Special to Telegram.

Fayetteville, June 19.—As a result of swallowing a piece of a pinewood splinter which he used for a toothpick, W. B. West of Godwin died in High Smith Hospital here today. West was brought here last night and the splinter was removed by an operation.

REV. EDWARD CROSLAND
TO LECTURE HERE.

Rev. Edward Crosland, who is regarded as one of the most talented young ministers of his denomination, will deliver a lecture at the Moravian church, on Lee street, June 20, at 8 o'clock. The lecturer comes under the auspices of the Philanthropic class of the church. Mr. Crosland is pastor of the church of his denomination in Winston-Salem, where he is winning a splendid reputation and where his illustrated sermons have created great interest. The subject of the lecture here will be "A Ramble in Sunny Italy." It will be beautifully illustrated with stereopticon views and will be as eloquent and impressive as any lecture given by the leading platform speakers of the country.

TO THE STREETS SAYS JUDGE EURE TO "BLIND TIGERS"

Several Defendants Charged With Retailing Convicted in Municipal Court Yesterday—Appeal Taken in Number of Cases—Docket Not Cleared at One Sitting.

The Monday morning session of Municipal Court confirmed its reputation for longevity yesterday when 22 cases against 20 defendants were docketed for consideration and occupied the attention of the court with a short recess for dinner from the opening hour at 9:30 o'clock until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Several very important cases came on trial, chiefly those against the "blind tigers" captured in the wholesale roundup Saturday night and four negroes charged with keeping disorderly houses.

With City Attorney A. Wayland Cooke assisting Prosecuting Attorney E. D. Kuykendall and Postmaster R. D. Douglas appearing for the defense, the hardest fought legal battle centered about the trial of Private W. H. McCullough, who was caught in the drag-net Saturday and arraigned on the charge of retailing yesterday. Two detectives, Lumsden and McLees, have been employed for the past few days in collecting evidence against suspected retailers and they were the principal witnesses for the prosecution, testifying that they had purchased liquor from all the defendants. The defense pleaded that this testimony was not incriminating because the defendants were equally guilty in the transaction and maintained that McCullough had only attempted to buy whiskey but had even failed in this. At the conclusion of the evidence and the speeches of the attorneys Judge Eure continued the case for judgment until this morning. McCullough was released under bond of \$200.

W. F. Stinette, another of the young white men charged with retailing, was defended by Col. Barringer. He was found guilty in each of two cases, and was sentenced to six months on the streets in each case. Notice of appeal to Superior court was given. Stinette has appealed from a former sentence for the same offense and will appear as defendant in a trial in Superior Court this week. He is in jail in default of a \$400 bond.

John Hart, a white man, who though wealthy, has several times been involved in liquor deals, was also defended by Col. Barringer, but the evidence in the two cases against him was conclusive and he was sentenced to work three months on the city street in one case and four months in the other.

The two cases for retailing against Sam Jenkins, white, were not touched upon by the court, but were continued for trial at the session this morning.

Jenkins is at liberty under a bond of \$400. The retailing charge against Gula Freeman, a negro, was also postponed until this morning. He was freed on the payment of a \$200 bond.

Sam Harris, colored, was given four months on the streets for retailing and gave notice of appeal.

The case against Ella Kennedy, a negro, for retailing was continued for trial until this morning on the request

of the defense for time to prepare the case.

In the cases against the negro women for keeping bawdy houses, Florence Hanks and Minnie Williams, who were bound over for judgment from last Monday, were found not guilty and discharged. The decision caused some surprise but the able defense of the women in their trial was responsible for their acquittal.

Annie Brown, whose trial occurred Thursday, was found guilty of keeping a disorderly house and was given four months in the workhouse. She appealed to Superior court and was released under a \$50 bond.

The case against Bertha Gibson was reopened and the former sentence of 30 days in the workhouse was changed to a fine of \$25, which was paid.

The cases against John McKnight and Tom Walker, charging the negroes with disorderly conduct, was continued for trial until this morning.

Burk Haynes, a young negro barber, submitted to the charge of disorderly conduct, and on account of the failure of the prosecuting witnesses to appear, he was dismissed on the payment of the costs.

The trial of David Clark for being drunk and down, was continued to this morning.

The case against Andrew Lovitt, a negro, for assault was dismissed on the payment of the costs.

Tom Campbell, colored, was bound over for trial until this morning on a charge of larceny.

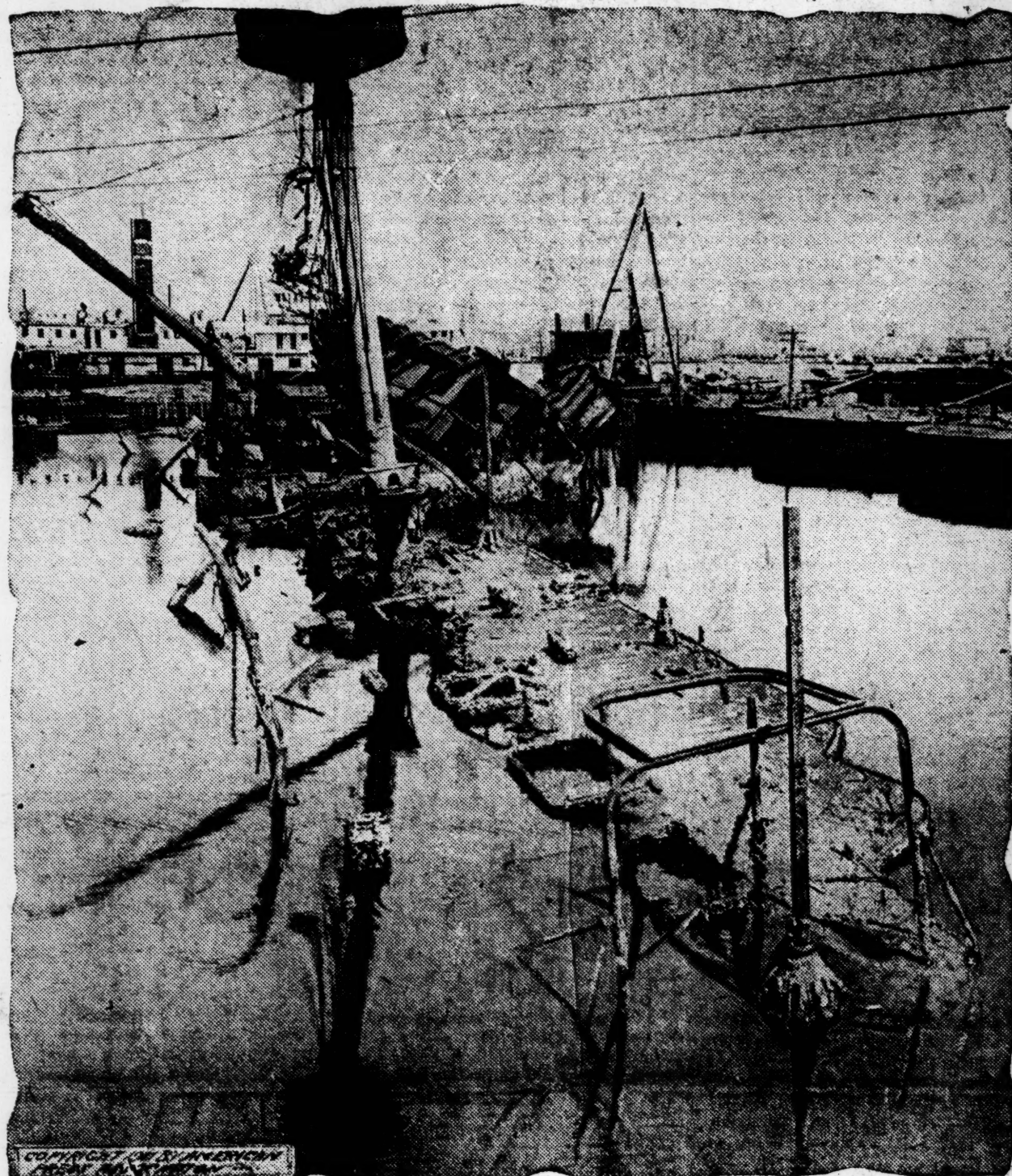
Ernest Richardson and John Mesley, two white boys who engaged in a fight in which the former was painfully cut, were arraigned on the charge of having an affray, and the case will be completed today.

Ed Bass, a negro arrested while drunk and disorderly, was fined \$7.50 and the costs.

Sunday the police raided a gambling house and captured nine "skin" artists. Tom Brown, Clynt Byrd, Hilliard Caldwell, Levy Brooks, Wesley Craig, Lindsay Evans, Oscar Caldwell, Bert Morehead, and Joe Jenks, all negroes, will appear as defendants this morning on the charge of gambling.

Hilliard Caldwell will also face a charge of assault today.

Uncovering the Wreck of the Battleship Maine Sunk In Havana Harbor Thirteen Years Ago.



This remarkable photograph shows the barnacle incrust wreck of the battleship Maine being brought to view in Havana harbor, where she was sunk in 1898. After it has been determined just what caused the explosion which sank the battleship and cost 259 lives the remains probably will be given a sea burial. The sinking of the Maine will be generally remembered as having directly caused the war with Spain because of the suspicion that the battleship was blown up by a mine. Whether this was the case or whether the disaster was caused by an interior explosion will now soon be known. At the right in the picture is shown a portion of the cofferdam, from which an idea may be got as to the amount of water already pumped out from around the wreck.

METHODS

Employed by American Tobacco Company to Stamp Out Competitors Are Brought Out

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 19.—A deposition by A. H. Hilman, former tobacco jobber, of New York, setting out the conditions of the tobacco trade in New York under the domination of the American Tobacco Co. engaged the Federal Court throughout the morning session and the oral testimony of J. R. Hardie, express agent, and J. E. Morton, freight agent at Wilson, testified during the afternoon session as to espionage on the part of the American Tobacco Co. in its fight against the Ware-Kramer Tobacco Co., today marking the beginning of the second week of the trial of Ware-Kramer Tobacco Co. vs. American Tobacco Company for \$1,200,000 damages for the destruction of the cigarette business of the plaintiff through trust methods of driving out competition.

Hilman testified that he had been a tobacco jobber in New York forty-one years prior to the coming of The Metropolitan Tobacco Co. to New York and that since the formation of this company he and 250 others jobbers had gone out of business because it was impossible to maintain a trade with the A. T. Co. goods concentrated in the hands of The Metropolitan for competition. He said he established large trades with a number of independent manufacturers goods, but each time the manufacturer would be bought up by the A. T. Co. and the trade he had worked up would pass to The Metropolitan Co. He testified that at the beginning of the war between the independents and the A. T. Co. the latter had about 60 per cent of the Greater New York trade and that now it has fully ninety per cent. In his judgment it is impossible for a jobber to be successful in handling independent goods in the tobacco trade and that the concentration of the A. T. Co. goods in the hands of Metropolitan Co. had driven practically all the independent jobbers out of business.

The cross examination of Hilman brought out the fact that he did business as an independent jobber, preferring to handle the independent goods and that he is now in the tobacco business as a small manufacturer and maker of snuff. Also that he is now being sued by the American Tobacco Co. for an infringement of a trade mark.

J. R. Hardie, express agent at Wilson, testified that when the Ware-Kramer Co. shipped goods through Southern Express that representatives of Wells-Whitehead Co. (then a part of the American Tobacco Co.) would come with note book and take the addresses of the Ware-Kramer Co. goods. That he took to packing the goods on the trucks with the addresses turned in so that they could not be seen and that the Wells-Whitehead employees would go to the trucks and turn the packages about so as to get the addresses. He testified that finally he wrote a note to W. M. Carter, manager of Wells-Whitehead Co. and gave him to understand that if this were not stopped there would be serious trouble. Carter replied that he would see that there was no further trouble. And there was no more.

Freight Agent J. E. Morton, of Wilson, testified that The Ware-Kramer Co. and the Wells-Whitehead factories were both close by the freight depot at Wilson and that the Wells-Whitehead Co. people could see when Ware-Kramer Co. was making shipments and that they would send men out to the freight shed with note books to write down the addresses of the goods being shipped by the Ware-Kramer Co.

Former Greensboro Man In Politics in Florida.

W. H. Newell, who formerly was a citizen of Greensboro, has been nominated for mayor in New Smyrna, Fla. He was elected on a reform platform and promises to give his town a progressive and clean administration.

\$30,000 SCHOOL BOND ISSUE WILL BE DISPOSED OF

City Commissioners Planning to Erect School Buildings to Meet Demands of Children For Education And do Away With Davie Street Building.

At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the Board of Commissioners Mayor Murphy brought up the matter of disposing of the \$30,000 school bond issue, voted about four years ago and over which so much trouble has been experienced. It was the sense of the board that the bonds be placed on sale as soon as the new assessment and the probable revenues of the city are figured out.

While nothing definite has been done it is quite likely that the city will construct a building on the school property on West Lee street with a portion of the bond money and erect another building in North Greensboro with the remainder. The Lee street people have long been wanting a school in that section and they were promised last year that if they would accept an improvised school in a dwelling the city would construct a school building on the property as soon as the bonds were sold. The children in the northern portion of the city have to walk to the Lindsay street school at present and as this section of the city is building up rapidly there is immediate need for a school for the accommodation of the rapidly increasing number of children in this section of the city.

It has been known all along by those in touch with the situation that the school facilities would not be adequate, even with the new high school building, and that the Davie street building would still have to be used. This building has been condemned long ago and but for the fact that the children had nowhere else to go would probably have been torn down. Even with this fire station has been used as a school, though this will not have to be used this year unless the attendance increased quite materially.

The board will at once begin planning for the building or buildings and have everything in readiness to begin work the minute the bonds are sold, if not before. It is not believed that any trouble will be experienced in the sale of the bonds this year as every precaution was taken to have the issue legalized in a legal manner. It will be remembered that when the legislature legalized the issue before there was no roll call and on this technicality the bonds were turned down. Col. Hobgood, state senator, took every precaution to see that the bill legalizing the issue was passed in the proper form last winter and the city feels that the bonds will find a ready sale.

FOUR CONVICTS KILLED; SCORE ARE INJURED

Special to Telegram.

Waynesville, June 19.—Sunday a bull pen, in which were housed 25 convicts from the State prison who are working on the Transcontinental Railroad, located near Waterville, collapsed, killing four convicts outright and seriously wounding three others. Every man in the stockade, or bull pen, were injured more or less. The guards was also caught in the pen.

Help was rushed to the scene and the imprisoned men, rescued as quickly as possible, several physicians being on hand to render assistance. The men were in charge of Captain Hoskins, of the State prison, and he was also buried in the debris.

The men killed were Albert Wynn, of Goldsboro, serving a sentence of 10 years for receiving stolen goods; Will Green, of Raleigh, serving sentence of four years for murder; Henry Paul, of New Bern, serving a sentence of three years for larceny; Clarence Walker, of western North Carolina, serving a sentence of seven years for larceny.

CALEB HANES IS NOW CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL ASSAULT

New Warrant Was Issued Yesterday—Preliminary Hearing Will Occur This Morning Before Justice D. H. Collins—Penalty For Crime is Death.

Before Justice of the Peace D. H. Collins yesterday afternoon a warrant was sworn out against Caleb Hanes charging him with criminal assault on Miss Maggie Faucette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Faucette. Hanes is the young fellow arrested last Saturday afternoon on the charge of seduction under promise of marriage, the crime having been committed in Madison township last week.

The preliminary hearing was set for yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, but as Col. Barringer, attorney for the defendant, was engaged in Municipal court, the case was continued until yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. At this hour Attorney J. N. Wilson, who conducted the prosecution, announced that he desired to amend the warrant, or rather to draw a new one, charging criminal assault, having discovered after a conference with the witnesses for the State that this would more nearly cover the offense than the charge set forth in the warrant under which Hanes was arrested.

A new warrant was drawn up and Col. Barringer at once requested a continuance as he wanted to consult with the defendant before going to trial. Accordingly the case was continued until this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

There is but little doubt but that the defendant will be held for court and the case will come up during the present term. The offense is a capital one and if convicted Hanes will pay a death penalty for his crime.

LUMBER CO. OF RALEIGH IS BANKRUPT

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 19.—The Ellington Lumber and Supply Co., of Raleigh, went into voluntary bankruptcy today, giving their liabilities at \$22,391 and assets at \$13,242 distributed among fifty or more creditors many of whom are here in Raleigh. The principal stockholders are E. E. Ellington, W. E. Ellington and D. D. Ellington. The Ellingtons have been in the lumber business here for many years and about six months ago moved into a splendidly equipped plant just opposite the State's prison on the Southern and Seaboard tracks.

THOUSANDS GREET PRESIDENT AND MRS. W. H. TAFT

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 19.—The reception by President and Mrs. W. H. Taft in celebration of their silver wedding, given tonight, was by far the most brilliant event in the social history of the nation. It was undoubtedly the most notable assemblage of famous Americans and there were many foreign diplomats present to pay their respects to the president and his wife.

Fully five thousand guests gathered at the capitol to extend greetings. Standing in the midst of his guests, holding Mrs. Taft by the hand, President Taft said "Mrs. Taft and I are deeply touched and grateful for all the many expressions of good will that have come to us." Messages of congratulation were received from the German Emperor, the President of France, the Emperor of Japan, the Kings of Italy, Spain, Denmark, Sweden and other nations.

Mrs. Taft wore a white satin gown, brocaded with silver flowers, cut en traine. Miss Helen Taft wore a gown of pink satin with a tunic of pink chiffon.

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Subscribers desiring the address of
their paper changed will please give both
the old and the new address.

The Greensboro Telegram does not accept
whisky, beer or objectionable ad-
vertising.



"Father's day" rolls around the first
day of each month, and Bill Collector
never fails to call to pay his respects.

In the face of the high cost of living
the Norfolk Landmark asserts that
"we eat more than we need." Evidently,
that is a smooth bid for more population
for Norfolk.

"Keep on the showery side of the
street," advises the Baltimore Sun. The
showery side of the street would be
crowded in this section nowadays, if it
could be located.

Why should an American citizen go to
England to see a bauble placed on the
head of a king when he can stay at home
and see a game of baseball almost every
day?

Senator LaFollette, it is asserted, is
going to try to deprive Mr. Taft of a
renomination for the presidency. A
pretty fight is in prospect, and one the
Democrats will enjoy watching.

All the indications point to the fact
that there is an organized effort being
waged in this country to wipe out the
flies. That is a movement of which most
people will approve and in which all
ought to unite.

The country is confronted with the
problem of how to make bad trusts
good—or the alternative of killing all the
bad trusts and alleged good ones, too.
The latter course is the safe course, as
it is hardly possible for any sort of trust
to "quit its meanness" for any length of
time.

General Harrison Gray Otis, editor of
the Los Angeles Times, and Col. Theo-
dore Roosevelt are engaged in a heated
controversy. As these gentlemen are
both "heap big Republicans," it will be
eminently proper to let 'em fight it out.
The subject of the controversy is not
political, being the dynamiting of the
building of the Los Angeles Times, but
it is quite probable that at the bottom
of the wrangle there is something of the
nature of political differences.

The Wilmington Star is pleased to
note a determination in that city to do
more than "invite" the location of in-
dustries. Wilmington can secure indus-
tries by going after them and by offering
assistance in locating them. Any good
town can secure industries in this way,
but a mere "invitation" does not secure
industries nowadays. Towns and cities
which are offering substantial induc-
ements for the location of industries are
numerous, and those are passed by which
have nothing to offer but a cordial in-
vitation.

MR. BRYAN IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

William J. Bryan is in South Carolina
this week, where he will deliver several
addresses, being killed to speak in Co-
lumbia, Florence, Newberry and several

other towns. While in Columbia last
Sunday Mr. Bryan gave the State an in-
terview in which he expressed in his
characteristic way some views of current
events and present day politics and pub-
lic questions. What Mr. Bryan has to
say is heard or read with interest by the
great majority of the country's citizens,
regardless of the views individuals may
hold in regard to Mr. Bryan and the
principles and policies he advocates.
Therefore, his Columbia interview will
unquestionably prove interesting read-
ing to a large number of people. To the
State Mr. Bryan gave an expression of
opinion in regard to the Bristow amend-
ment, the Reciprocity bill and the Demo-
cratic prospects for next year in the
National election. Mr. Bryan said,
when asked, "What do you think of the
Bristow amendment?"

"I think it objectionable; not because
there is any real danger of the force
bill—I regard that danger as largely im-
aginary, but the Bristow amendment is
objectionable because it seeks to secure
what may be regarded as a party ad-
vantage in the making of the change in
the method of electing Senators. The
House resolution is open to the same ob-
jection, although as a Democrat, I prefer
the Democrats if it is secured by any
one, I believe that the fairest thing
would be to amend the resolution as
to permit a State to return to the present
method of electing Senators for suc-
cessive periods of, say, ten years, if a
majority of its voters desire to do so.
This would give us the popular election
of Senators in all the States and, at the
same time, it would enable the Southern
States to retain such advantage as they
now have by return to the election by the
legislature in case of the passage of the
force bill, a danger which I regard as ex-
ceedingly remote.

"By limiting these returns to ten
year periods, and making it contingent
upon a majority vote of the people, the
public would be insured against a return
to the present method, except where the
people really desired it. There is really
no objection to leaving the method of
election optional with the State. As the
Senators represent the State, the State
could safely be trusted to decide the
method of election.

"I hope, however, that the people of
the South will understand that a con-
siderable part of the opposition to the
Bristow amendment is pure buncombe,
and that some of the Southern Senators
do not want the popular election of Sen-
ators upon any terms or in any form.
The Atlanta Journal has published a
Washington letter which contains this
statement. It says, 'While none of them
will admit the fact, it is unquestionably
true that many, probably a majority, of
the Southern Senators and Representa-
tives at heart oppose the direct election
of Senators.' I would not put the num-
ber as high as a majority, but there is
no doubt that some of the Southern Sen-
ators are just as anxious to keep the
Senate under the control of the predom-
inant interests as the Eastern Republi-
cans are. These men and the standpat
Republicans are trying to get up a sham
battle over the question of control in
the hope that the battle will result in
keeping the control where it has been for
25 years, namely, in the hands of Wall
street."

"Do you believe the reciprocity mea-
sure will pass the Senate without the
Root amendment?" Mr. Bryan was asked.
"I hope it will. I do not see why the
relief which it gives our people on this
question should be made contingent upon
the relief which Canada gives her people
on the same subject. However, I know
nothing about the prospect, except what
I see in the papers, and I don't like to
guess what a Republican body will do
on such a question."

"Well, Mr. Bryan, do you think the
reciprocity agreement will bring any
advantage?"

"I think the direct advantage is prob-
ably less than the friends of the bill im-
agine, but the indirect benefits are like-
ly to be very important. It has already
given us a much greater advantage than
the reciprocity bill, itself, and has divid-
ed the Republican party on the tariff
question which is, in itself, no mean ad-
vantage. The ultra-protectionists in the
Republican party say that the advoca-
tion of the bill will be the death knell of
protection. If so, it will be hard to es-
timate its benefits. Democrats think that
it will prove to the farmers the fallacy
of the argument made by Republican
protectionists for a generation. This
will be a great help to us in the West.
There is every reason why a Democrat
should favor a ratification of the reci-
procity agreement, and the situation is
such that a Republican can not safely op-
pose it."

"Do you think the situation is suffi-
ciently developed to indicate the Demo-
cratic nominee for President?"
"No! A great deal depends upon what
Congress does. There are several men
who are being discussed. Wilson has
made a tour of the country and has been
very favorably received. Clark is profit-
ing by the good beginning the Demo-
cratic Congress has made. Gov. Marshall
has many friends, and Gov. Folk has
also. Governors Burk of North Dakota,
Foss of Massachusetts, and Dix of New
York have also been mentioned in con-
nection with the nomination, and it is
entirely possible that the fight in the
Senate will develop other candidates.
Our party is well supplied with material,
but it is too early to speak with any

certainty as to relative availability."

"You do not mention Harmon."
"I do not mention him because I do not
regard him as a possibility. This is a
progressive age, and Gov. Harmon's no-
mination would be a step backward. It is
inconceivable that our party would make
such a mistake."

Fair minded men will be forced to ad-
mit that the above does not read like the
utterances of a demagogue, an unregen-
erate radical or an anarchist. Mr. Bry-
an's attitude in these respects appears
to be reasonable and his argument log-
ical. Mr. Bryan is correct in believing
that there is no objection to allowing
the States to select the method to be
employed in the popular election of the
United States Senators. That is a mat-
ter which might be wisely left in con-
trol of the States. However, Mr. Bryan
is probably right again in believing that
the Bristow amendment is not as dan-
gerous as it is alleged to be in some
quarters. He is correct again in saying
that a systematic effort is being made
by Senators who oppose popular elections
to defeat the measure; and one of the
most effective means which can be em-
ployed, these Senators believe, is to at-
tempt to create discord by proposing
amendments and by fighting a sham bat-
tle over the passage of the measure. It
is unquestionably true that there are
Southern Senators who are opposed to the
election of Senators by the people. These
men are serving the interests of the
minority and they fear to go before the
majority seeking re-election.

Mr. Bryan's views in regard to the
probable Democratic nominee for Presi-
dent are interesting. As far as this
newspaper is able to determine from his
language and even by attempting to read
between the lines, we fail to discover in
this part of his interview any covert in-
tention to seek the Democratic nomi-
nation for himself. In fact, we are fully
persuaded that the rank anti-Bryanites
of the party have no cause for alarm and
that they may cease their troubling.
This view is not based alone on the in-
terview under consideration, but upon
Mr. Bryan's repeated statements and his
general attitude. We neither believe
that Mr. Bryan will seek the nomination
or that he would accept it if tendered
him.

Mr. Bryan's opposition to the nomi-
nation of Judson Harmon has been voiced
before. It is based on his opinion that
Harmon's nomination would be eminen-
ly satisfactory to Wall street and the
trusts. He, therefore, believes that Har-
mon's nomination would not satisfy the
masses of the party and that his election
would be unwise because it would play
into the hands of that body of citizens
who are so fitly and faithfully represent-
ed in Congress by the standpat Republi-
cans. Mr. Bryan no doubt regards this
as ample reason for opposing Mr. Har-
mon.

THE PRESIDENCY AND THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.

The Richmond Times-Dispatch thinks
Speaker Clark has made a good start in
the direction of the White House, but
recalls the fact that of the thirty-five
Speakers who have presided over the
Lower House only one became President
—James K. Polk.

The Times-Dispatch apparently be-
lieves that the people do not take kindly
to the Presidential aspirations of the
Speakers and that there is an unseen and
indefinable barrier opposed to the eleva-
tion of a Speaker of the House to the
office of chief executive of the nation.
The cases of Henry Clay, James G.
Blaine and Thomas B. Reed are cited to
show that it has been impossible for
some of the country's greatest statesmen
to reach the Presidency after having
served as Speaker.

As a matter of fact the Speakership is
probably no real barrier to the Presi-
dency, and other reasons must be assigned
for the failure of such men as Clay,
Blaine and Reed to realize the ambition
of their lives. The fact, however, that
the record stands thirty-four to one is
not encouraging to the aspirations of
Champ Clark. Champ has been reason-
ably successful in politics and may be
able to change the record to thirty-four
to two.

APPLYING RULE OF REASON.

Sherman Law A Criminal Statute and
Should Be So Enforced.

Senator Pomerene, in his speech in the
Senate, took the plain view of the Sher-
man Anti-Trust law. The rule of reason
permits no other view.

The Sherman law is a criminal statute.
It deals with personal guilt as a fact. It
provides for the criminal prosecution of
individuals and prescribes penalties for
their punishment upon conviction.

If the Standard Oil and the Tobacco
Trusts were guilty of violating the law,
of necessity the really responsible men
behind the trusts should be brought to
the bar of justice. The law does not
state that an offending corporation shall
be held to be guilty and the persons ac-
ting through it shall enjoy immunity.
That a captain of industry shall organize
and direct his business in defiance of the
law, commit unlawful acts without re-
straint for a long term of years, select
his agents, control their policy, continue
to enjoy the profits derived from criminal
methods and still go unprosecuted and
unpunished because the business is
done under the name of a corporation de-
clared to be illegal by the United States

Supreme Court, is a manifest absurdity.
It affronts reason and common sense.—
New York World.

BRYAN CHARGES TREACHERY.

Says He Is Scarred All Over By the
Knives of Plutocracy.

Mr. Bryan's Commoner declares Thurs-
day that he never has attempted to dic-
tate to the Democrats, but that he knows
the records of the party leaders and pro-
poses to comment thereon when he
pleases. He adds:

"Mr. Bryan's body, politically speak-
ing, is scarred all over by the knives
that have been wielded by the repre-
sentatives of plutocracy inside of the De-
mocratic party and outside.

"He has made three campaigns and in
every one of them he had to meet treach-
ery within the party, as well as assail-
ants from without. He has had to con-
duct his campaigns through committee-
men, some of whom were in league with
the opposition and in secret correspond-
ence with the enemies. He has had to
meet false and malicious misrepresenta-
tions on the part of papers subsidized
by the predatory interests.

"He has seen the party platform at-
tacked, sometimes openly and some-
times by innuendo, by those pretending
to support the ticket, and he has seen
the platform repudiated immediately
after the campaign by the newspapers
which professed to support it during the
campaign.

"He has had to oppose distinguished
members of his own party when these
members attempted to insert weaselly
words in the platform and make it am-
biguous and uncertain. He has had to
contend with timid politicians who pro-
fessed friendship only out of fear of their
constituents and only so long as that
pretended friendship could help them.

"But he has found the heart of the
party sound. To them his appeals are
made. The fact that he has been the
party's candidate does not deprive him
of freedom of speech."—New York Sun.

Young Men, Beware.

"If you kiss me again," declared pretty
Miss Lovely firmly, "I shall tell my
father."

"That's an old tale," replied the bold
young man. "Anyway it's worth it." And
he kissed her—not once, but many
times.

At once Miss Lovely sprang to her feet.
"I shall tell father," she said, and left
the room.

"Father," she said to her parent when
she got outside, "Mr. Bolder wants to see
your new gun."

"All right. I'll take it in to him," said
her father, and two minutes later he ap-
peared in the doorway with his gun in
his hand.

There was a crash of breaking glass
as Mr. Bolder dived through the window,
and when last seen he was running for
his life in the direction of the railway
station.

Randolph and Cumberland Railroad.

There is possibly no feature of public
utility and enterprise which enthralls the
people all along the line more than the
bright prospects of the new Cumberland
and Randolph Railroad. This is espe-
cially true with the people of High Point
who desire railway connection with the
city of Winston and more so since High
Point let go by default the South Bound
proposition.

We are in a position to say to our
readers that the Randolph and Cumber-
land Railroad is a certainty. In the
next 30 or 60 days the various townships
will be asked to vote bonds and Mr. Tate
who returned from a trip yesterday in
the interest of the road, informs us that
the people along the line are very en-
thusiastic and that they will give the
road their heartiest support. All the
permanent surveys along the route have
been established.

The Randolph and Cumberland Rail-
road will run from Cameron, where it
joins the Seaboard, to Winston, where it
connects with the Norfolk and Western.
Our people can see at once the great
importance of this road, and what great
impetus of development it will give our
town. The total mileage from Cameron
through High Point to Winston is 89
miles, and the cost of the road will be
around \$1,500,000.

The route will be from Cameron over
22 miles of the old Petty railroad to Mc-
Connell, thence to High Falls, Enterprise,
Franklinville, Ramseur, Cedar Falls,
Worthville, Randleman, High Point and
on to Winston.

The 22 miles of the road now in opera-
tion from Cameron to McConnell, is own-
ed by New York parties, who are anxious
to bring the road on to High Point and
Winston. Mr. A. E. Tate has made sev-
eral trips to New York in the interest
of the road and it is due to his tireless
efforts that the plan which means so
much for High Point is being brought to
a practical fruition. He is to be con-
gratulated on his success so far, and com-
mended for the earnest public spirit he
manifests in behalf of High Point.—
High Point Enterprise.

"We've got a dachshund dog," said a
boy to a playmate. "But father won't
let him out in the winter, because he
says it takes him so long to get
through the doorway that the house gets
awfully cold!"

The man who marries his first love
misses a lot of fun.

FLYING BREAKS

(By ROBERT SNOWDEN.)

It is perhaps a matter for congratula-
tion that many aeroplanes invented
evince a reluctance to leave Mother Earth
for aerial regions; otherwise the list of
aviation tragedies might be considerably
augmented. For, judging by some of the
freaks they certainly seem more fanci-
ful than practical.

For instance, there is an American
minister, the Rev. P. Cannon, who in
1900 designed an airship, taking his idea
for the design from the first and tenth
chapters of the Book of Ezekiel, which
describes how, in the middle of a whirl-
wind, there was the likeness of four liv-
ing creatures with wings which "ran and
returned as the appearance of a flash of
lightning. . . . And when they went I
heard the noise of their wings like the
noise of great waters."

As a specification, this did not prob-
ably satisfy the American patent office
in its original form; but the machine
was built, and its successor, Ezekiel II,
is now in course of construction.

Another freak is the French flapper,
"Columb," which has lattice wings, with
slats that open and close as the wings
rock; but there is no record of its hav-
ing flown. Germany has, among its
freaks, the Geisler ornithopteron, which
has flexible planes running over and un-
der rollers to produce what is desired,
which is described as a "wave motion,"
and this bears the foot note, "No record
of any success." Another German ma-
chine, the Schuler flapper, has a cigar-
shaped body, containing the "works,"
and paddles that feather on the upstroke,
giving it the appearance of a dissipated
moth.

Most of the freaks, however, come from
the United States. There is the Hurl-
burt monoplane, for instance, for which
it is claimed that the three supporting
tubes close telescopically. The tail folds
over on the back of the machine. The
wings are easily and quickly detached.
The entire machine can be made to occu-
py less space than an automobile in less
than five minutes' actual time, and is
quickly remounted.

America, too, has an Irvine helicopter,
which looks like a miniature topsy-turvy
railway; the Rickman machine, that has
a tandem tricycle for its body, and some-
thing resembling a revolving parol above;
and the Twining flapper, with a
bicycle frame and wings worked by "man
power only." Another strange machine
is the Lake "direct lift" aeroplane, with
hollow, curved planes, against which
"heated elastic fluid" is to be discharged
to give it lifting power.

WEDDING ETIQUET

(By JOHN WATSON WHYTE.)

The bride's parents furnish everything
up to and including the moment before
the groom makes the response: "I do."
This means that the bride's papa pays
for the church decorations, the music,
the carriages, etc. The groom, however,
must furnish his own clothing.

This is enough to expect of the bride's
father for the time and it is not advis-
able to call upon him for financial assist-
ance for sixty days, at least. If he dis-
counts his bills for cash, then he may
be approached for a loan within 30 days.

Other gentlemen than the groom are
expected to contribute to the gaiety of
the affair with the bridesmaids. Hurling
of rice and old shoes after the departing
couple is no longer considered proper.
The higher cost of living makes the
rice expensive and from motives of econ-
omy the old shoes should be saved.

Kissing the bride is an old custom, and
sometimes a pleasant one. Such remarks
as: "I suppose this will be the last time"
or "This makes an even thousand," are
merry enough in themselves, but are not
calculated to add to the joy of the groom.

Inviting your former wife to your sec-
ond wedding is considered poor judgment.

Recognized.

Counsel for the defense began to
cross-examine a witness.

"Your name, if I understand you cor-
rectly," he said, "is Ezra Egerton Smith.
Is that right?"

"Yes, sir."

"Now have you ever been arrested on
a criminal charge?"

"No, sir," indignantly answered the
witness—"never!"

"Did you ever commit an offense for
which you might justly have been ar-
rested?"

"Never, sir!"

"Now, is it not a fact that you once
stole from your own father?"

Here counsel on the other side inter-
posed, but the witness chose to answer.

"No, sir," he exclaimed—"never in my
life."

"Well, then," continued the cross-ex-
amining counsel, "suppose I say I know
that you did steal from your father?"

"Gentlemen," said the witness, turn-
ing to the jury, "he's right. I remember
now. When I was about twelve I stole
a box of cigarettes from my father's
store and smoked them. Counsel, who
was a boy then, put me up to stealing
those cigarettes, and smoked half of
them." To counsel: "How are you,
Jim?"

Duty calls the factory worker by blow-
ing the whistle.

OVERTAXED.

Hundreds of Greensboro Readers Know
What It Means.

The Kidneys are overtaxed;
Have too much to do.
They tell about it in many aches and
pains—

Backache, hip pains, headache.
Early symptoms of kidney ills.
Urinary troubles, dropsy, Bright's
disease follow.

The statement below shows you what
to do.

Mrs. Arthur Causey, Jerusalem St.,
Randleman, N. C., says: "I used Doan's
Kidney Pills and found them excellent in
every way. Backache clung to me a
long time and made it difficult for me
to stoop. I could not remain on my
feet for any length of time and often
I became so dizzy that I had to catch hold
of something to keep from falling. The
kidney secretions annoyed me and showed
that my kidneys were disordered.
When a friend strongly urged me to try
Doan's Kidney Pills, I did so and I was
soon entirely rid of kidney complaint."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50
cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New
York, sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and
take no other.

Lots of women would rather see their
best friends safely divorced than safely
married.

A Charming Woman

is one who is lovely in face, form, mind
and temper. But it's hard for a woman
to be charming without health. A weak,
sickly woman will be nervous and irri-
table. Constipation and kidney poisons
show in pimples, blotches, skin eruptions
and a wretched complexion. But
Electric Bitters always proves a godsend
to women who want health, beauty and
friends. They regulate Stomach, Liver
and Kidneys, purify the blood; give
strong nerves, bright eyes, pure breath,
smooth, velvety skin, lovely complexion
and perfect health. Try them. 50c. at
Fariss-Klutzn Drug Co.

How many cuckoos could a good cook
cook if a good cook could cook cuckoos?

YOUR NEIGHBOR'S EXPERIENCE

How you may profit by it. Take Foley
Kidney Pills. Mrs. Mrs. E. G. Whiting,
360 Willow St., Akron, O., says: "For
some time I had a very serious case of
kidney trouble and I suffered with back-
aches and dizzy headaches. I had specks
floating before my eyes and I felt all
tired out and miserable. I saw Foley
Kidney Pills advertised and got a bot-
tle and took them according to direc-
tions and results showed almost at once.
The pain and dizzy headaches left me,
my eye-sight became clear and today I
can say I am a well woman, thanks to
Foley Kidney Pills." For sale by How-
ard Gardner.

Query—At what age does an unmar-
ried woman cease to be romantic?

A Dreadful Wound

from a knife, gun, tin can, rusty nail,
fireworks, or of any other nature, de-
mands prompt treatment with Bucklen's
Arnica Salve to prevent blood poison
or gangrene. Its the quickest, surest
healer for all such wounds as also for
Burns, Boils, Sores, Skin Eruptions, Ec-
zema, Chapped Hands, Corns or Piles,
25c. at Fariss-Klutzn Drug Co.

Dressmakers construct gowns with
trains, and they are often on time.

Work Will Soon Start

after you take Dr King's New Life Pills,
and you'll quickly enjoy their fine re-
sults. Constipation and indigestion
vanish and fine appetite returns. They
regulate stomach, liver and bowels and
impart new strength and energy to the
whole system. Try them. Only 25c.
at Fariss-Klutzn Drug Co.

If you don't know what is best to do,
play a waiting game.

Middle Aged and Elderly People,

Use Foley Kidney Pills for quick and
permanent results in all cases of kidney
and bladder troubles, and for painful
and annoying irregularities. For sale by
Howard Gardner.

Stick to your friends—but don't stick
them.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be
pleased to learn that there is at least
one dreaded disease that science has
been able to cure in all its stages, and
that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure
is the only positive cure now known to
the medical fraternity. Catarrh being
a constitutional disease, requires a
constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh
Cure is taken internally, acting directly
upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the
system, thereby destroying the founda-
tion of the

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SCHEDULE.

N. R.—The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

12:20 a. m., No. 29 daily, Birmingham special. Through Pullman sleeping and observation car, New York to Birmingham. Dining car service.

12:32 a. m., No. 32 daily, the Southern's Southeastern Limited. Pullman sleeping cars from Jacksonville and Augusta to New York. Also handles Pullman sleeping car from Raleigh and Greensboro to Washington, D. C., this car ready for occupancy at Greensboro, 10:00 p. m. Dining car service.

12:45 a. m., No. 112 daily, for Raleigh and Goldsboro. Pullman sleeping car from Winston-Salem to Morehead and Beaufort, N. C.

2:10 a. m., No. 30 daily, Birmingham special. Pullman sleeping and observation car for New York. Day coach to Washington. Dining car service.

2:25 a. m., No. 31 daily. The Southern's Southeastern Limited. Pullman sleeping cars, New York to Jacksonville and Augusta. Pullman Sleeping Car from Washington to Greensboro and Raleigh. Dining car service.

3:45 a. m., No. 45, daily, local for Charlotte, connecting for Atlanta and points South.

7:10 a. m., No. 8 daily, local for Richmond connecting at Danville with Norfolk train.

7:20 a. m., No. 37, daily, New York and Atlanta and New Orleans Limited. Pullman Drawing-room sleeping cars, and club and observation cars New York to New Orleans. Pullman sleeping cars New York to Asheville, Charlotte and Macon. Pullman Chair car Greensboro to Montgomery. Solid Pullman train. Dining car service.

7:30 a. m., No. 103, daily, for Durham, Raleigh and local points. Handles Pullman Sleeping Car from Washington to Raleigh.

7:55 a. m., No. 11 daily, local to Atlanta. Sleeping car from Richmond to Charlotte and Norfolk to Asheville.

7:45 a. m., No. 150 daily, except Sunday, for Ramseur.

8:15 a. m., No. 237 daily, for Winston-Salem, and daily except Sunday, for N. Wilkesboro.

9:30 a. m., No. 44 daily, for Washington and points North.

9:40 a. m., No. 144 daily, for Raleigh and Goldsboro. Handles Atlanta-Raleigh sleeping car.

12:30 p. m., No. 21, daily, for Asheville and Waynesville and local points handling coaches and chair car through to Asheville and Waynesville.

12:50 p. m., No. 130 daily for Sanford, Fayetteville and Wilmington.

12:55 p. m., No. 7 daily, local for Charlotte and points South.

1:40 p. m., No. 36 daily, U. S. fast mail for Washington, New York and points North. Handles Pullman Sleeping Cars from Birmingham and New Orleans to New York and Pullman Sleeping Car, Memphis to Richmond. Day coaches to Washington. Dining Car service.

2:20 p. m., No. 207 daily, except Sunday, for Winston-Salem, making connection for North Wilkesboro.

2:30 p. m., No. 151 daily, except Sunday, for Madison.

4:20 p. m., No. 22 daily, for Durham, Raleigh and Goldsboro. Handles parlor car to Goldsboro.

3:30 p. m., No. 230 daily, except Sunday, for Ramseur.

3:45 p. m., No. 132 daily for Sanford.

4:55 p. m., No. 131 daily, for Mt. Airy.

6:10 p. m., No. 35 daily, U. S. fast mail for Atlanta and points South. Pullman sleeping cars to New Orleans and Birmingham and Pullman sleeping car Richmond to Asheville, DiDining car service.

6:25 p. m., No. 235 daily, for Winston-Salem.

7:20 p. m., No. 43 daily for Atlanta. Pullman sleeping car and coaches to Atlanta.

10:15 p. m., No. 38 daily, New York, Atlanta and New Orleans Limited. Pullman sleeping cars, and club and observation cars to New York. Dining car service. Solid Pullman train.

1:20 p. m., No. 233 daily, for Winston-Salem.

10:31 p. m., No. 12 daily, local for Richmond. Handles Pullman sleeping cars for Richmond and Norfolk.

E. H. COAPMAN, V. P. and Gen. Mgr., Washington, D. C.

S. H. HARDWICK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.

H. F. CARY, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.

R. L. VERNON, G. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.

W. H. McCLAMERY, P. & T. A. Greensboro, N. C.

Suppressing the Raffle

Grace Wilson looked up in distress as Philbrick entered the room. Philbrick was the last person she wanted to see. She could not very well ask a favor of a man with whom she had quarreled only a few weeks before. She knew now that Philbrick had been in the right, which did not make the meeting any easier.

"You wished to see me?" he asked briskly, as he came toward her.

"I want to see the man who gives things away," she said lamely.

"I am at your service," he said with a smile. "What is it, a Fresh Air fund, a seaside hospital or a poor woman with seven small children and a runaway husband?"

Grace smiled gratefully. It was nice of him to get right down to business without any personal preamble.

"It's Mrs. Bonnat," she explained. "You see," Grace hurried on, "Mrs. Bonnat is getting up a fair at Langhampton for the hospital. It's for the poor little children with bone tuberculosis."

Philbrick nodded understandingly. "And being an excellent patron of ours she has asked for a contribution," he completed.

Grace nodded. "I was coming to town and she asked me to see Mr. Tanton," she went on. "I didn't know he had gone to Europe."

Philbrick mentally supplied the remainder of the sentence. He could imagine that Grace would have declined the mission had she known that he was in charge of the big store in the absence of the junior partner.

"I think that we can find a way to contribute to the cause," he said pleasantly, mindful of Mrs. Bonnat's heavy purchases. "If you will give me some idea of what you think would prove salable, I will see what can be done."

Philbrick was used to receiving requests for donations. Every patron seemed to feel entitled to a contribution to some favored charity and the donations formed a not inconsiderable item in the profit-and-loss account.

Just now there was on hand half a case of dainty fans that presently would find their way to the bargain counter, so he cleverly led her to approve of this suggestion.

Samples were sent for, and while they waited Grace constrainedly chatted upon such safe topics as the weather and the heat in town. Philbrick might have been an entire stranger, for all the indication he gave that a few short weeks ago they had been engaged. At last the decision was made and she rose to go.

"I wish you would wait a moment," he said quietly. "I should like to make a personal contribution."

He slipped from the room and Grace resumed her seat wondering what he wished to give. He returned in a moment carrying a tiny morocco case.

"I am really interested in your charity," he said. "Please believe my sincerity when I offer this to be raffled off. It should bring in some few dollars for the poor little kids. They are welcome to it. I have no further use for it."

She pressed the spring, knowing full well what the case contained, but the sight of the solitaire that had been her engagement ring moved her strongly.

"You wish this to be raffled off?" she repeated dully, blinking hard to keep back the tears.

"It is best that it should bring happiness to someone," he said steadily. "I do not care to keep it or to sell it."

"There might be someone you could give it to," she suggested.

"Precisely," agreed Philbrick. "I am giving it to the poor misshapen little toes who really need help."

For a moment she paused irresolutely, then she moved toward the door and, with a few conventional words of thanks for his kindness, slipped out.

But once she gained the cab, Grace's tears began to flow. She knew that Philbrick was not only in the right, but that he would not be the first to speak. All the way to the station she fought with her pride and in the end love won. She went to the telephone booth and called up the store, asking for Mr. Philbrick. Presently she heard his voice in answer.

"This is Grace," she said softly. "I have been thinking things over, Phil. I think that it would be wrong to raffle off that ring because—"

"You are opposed to raffles?" he asked as her voice faltered and there was silence for a moment.

"No," she said softly, "but because I was wrong and I want it for myself if you are still willing."

"Willing?" The voice through the receiver sounded like a shout. "Why, you blessed child, of course I'm willing. I wanted to tell you so when you were here, but it was a business call and I could not intrude our own affairs."

"I wish you had," she said. "It would have been so much nicer to have had you tell me."

"There is a later train to the shore," he said promptly. "Come back and have dinner, and I'll take you down on that."

"I'll be right up," she promised, a new note of gladness in her voice, "and Phil—"

"Yes."

"I'm awfully glad that Mr. Tanton is in Europe."

WAR BEGUN ON PARCELS POST

Petitions Against the Plans Reach Congress.

ALL FROM THE SAME SOURCE

They Are Printed Alike and Were Largely Signed by the Small Merchants in Iowa—Growing Sentiment in Favor of the Measure—Proposition to Take Express Companies.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, June 19.—(Special.)—Machine made petitions against the parcels post bills have begun to be filed in both houses of congress. Senator Kenyon presented a bunch of such petitions recently, and upon examination it was found that they covered the larger towns in the Tenth and Eleventh congressional districts of Iowa.

The blanks were so made and printed as to look as if they had been written on a typewriter, but they also betrayed the fact that they were intended for many different congressional districts. They were all in the same language and were printed exactly alike. The petitions were intended to be sent to the congressmen representing the two Iowa districts, but by some mischance they were all sent to Kenyon.

The signers of these petitions were nearly all country merchants who no doubt have been impressed with the idea, embodied in the petition, that their business would be injured by mail order houses if parcels post should be established. No doubt this is the beginning of a flood of petitions which will be filed remonstrating against the passage of a parcels post bill. Meanwhile there is a growing sentiment in congress in favor of the measure.

Congressman Lewis of Maryland has a plan to have the government acquire the express companies by condemnation proceedings and to merge them into the postal service, using them for parcels post. Lewis would then extend the service to the rural routes and have a general parcels post service throughout the country.

Several times lately the old order of things in the senate has been severely jolted. La Follette has been doing that sort of thing ever since he entered the senate, but only recently he served notice that he was going to make "secret understandings" and "gentlemen's agreements" relative to senate proceedings unpopular. He intends to have the public business transacted in the open and not have important matters fixed up by consultation among a few leaders.

Then came a new senator on the Democratic side, Luke Lea of Tennessee, who fired shots into that hoary institution called "senatorial courtesy." He said this had been extended to include "senatorial sensitiveness," and, carried a little further, it will mean "senatorial apoplexy."

Lea said he intended to be courteous, but he did not intend to have it carried to the extent that he could not act on his own judgment in matters affecting public affairs.

Executive Encroachment. Both senate and house rail at the encroachment of the executive in governmental affairs. "We have had great difficulty," said former Speaker Cannon the other day, "through all the years in keeping the whiphand as a co-ordinate branch of the government with the executive. Many times in my recollection the specious pretense has been made that an executive can do anything not prohibited by law. The truth is he cannot do anything that is not permitted to do by law."

Theoretically Cannon may be right, but if he will look over acts of past administrations carefully, notably those of Roosevelt, he will find that even the law did not stop that impetuous individual when he wanted to accomplish results. Cannon was complaining particularly about something the postoffice department had done.

Driving the Senate. What particularly disturbs Cannon and those who think with him is the fact that President Taft is just now engaged in driving the senate to accept the Canadian reciprocity bill. Cannon and nearly all the other high protectionists believe that the effect of this bill will be to destroy or greatly endanger the protective principle in this country. They believe the farmers will now become low tariff men.

How About the Stamp? In considering the possibility of one cent postage there is a natural inquiry as to what will become of the present postage stamp with George Washington as its leading characteristic. Will the Father of His Country pass from daily view of the millions and be kicked no more?

It was the late M. N. Johnson, senator from North Dakota, who wanted an act passed prohibiting the transmission of letters in which the postage stamp was not properly affixed right side up. He regarded it as national blasphemy to stand George Washington on his head. "Any man who does that," remarked Johnson, "can never become president of the United States. The people will not elect a man who shows such disregard for the greatest man America ever produced."

EXTRA SESSION WAS GOOD MOVE

Political Observer Says Taft Acted Wisely.

LET DEMOCRATS HAVE WAY.

Investigation Made This Year Will Probably Be Forgotten Before the Next Presidential Campaign—Committee on Military Affairs Considers Paying Members of the Militia.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, June 19.—(Special.)—Without a dissenting voice everybody asserted that President Taft had played the worst kind of politics in calling an extra session of congress. Friends and opponents of Canadian reciprocity, Republicans and Democrats alike, agreed that the president had blundered and that he had made a mistake which would seriously react upon him and probably defeat him next year.

And yet it is possible that he may have done the best thing for himself and his future political success. The suggestion was given me by the last man in the world from whom I would expect a political tip, and he was just voicing what he "heard round about in talking with different people."

Here is the idea. "Instead of being a mistake, which everybody said it was," he went on to say, "Taft may have played mighty good politics in calling this extra session. He had a Democratic house, and that house had determined to investigate the federal government and tear up things generally. If that was all going on during a presidential year it might make trouble, but it will be all over and forgotten when the campaign is on."

"Then there was the tariff. This reciprocity proposition was sure to be put through some time, and the sooner the better. When it is passed those who wanted it will applaud Taft whether it does them any good or not. Those who feared it will find the 'not hurt and will get over their soreness by the time election comes around.'

"The fellows who are interested in the tariff will figure out how much they will be hurt by the bills which the Democrats are putting through, and they will be working next year for Taft and Republican success. This extra session may turn out to be the best thing Taft has done."

Costly Militia Bill. The house committee on military affairs has been holding hearings on a militia bill which proposes to pay the officers and members of the national guard in different states in order to keep up their interest in the organization.

"This bill will cost \$10,000,000 a year," said Congressman Sladen of Texas, a member of the committee, "which is about two-fifths of the cost of the entire army per year under Grover Cleveland."

At the same time there are many men who think that the young men of the country ought not to devote their time and energy to keeping up good militia organizations in the different states unless paid for it. There will be an effort to make a saving in the army by concentrating the forces and abandoning many small military posts and use the money for the militia.

Filled With Statistics. The Congressional Record is filled these days with statistics on wool. The debate on this phase of the tariff does not bring out anything very enlightening. For the most part the discussion is so technical that not one man in ten in the house understands it. The interesting political feature developed is that quite a number of Republicans are going to vote for the bill.

The Changed Bailey. In the ten years he has been in the senate Senator Bailey has several times threatened to filibuster against measures he did not want passed. But when in the closing days of the last congress a filibuster nearly defeated something he wanted he announced that he would never engage in a filibuster again unless it was something of vital importance to his state or section.

When Bailey first came to congress he started in to reform the methods of procedure by demanding a quorum vote on every bill that was passed. He finally saw the futility of that, just as he has seen the futility of many other legislative reforms which he thought ought to be inaugurated. In fact, the Bailey of today is not the same Bailey that came to congress twenty years ago.

No Pull at the Navy Department? A man of considerable prominence went to the navy department not long ago to get something done for a naval officer which would have been all right, but would have necessitated turning down a naval board or official recommendation.

"There is nothing of that kind allowed in the navy department now," he was informed by Secretary Meyer. "We have found that we are getting along much better since we eliminated the political pull and run the department upon lines of efficiency."

And the request was not granted, although made by a man who had given thirty years of good work to the Republican party without reward.

DOUBLE TRADING STAMPS BEFORE NOON

GREAT

June "Clearance" Sale!

NO LONG WAITS—PLENTY OF EXTRA SALESPeOPLE

THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS WORTH OF WANTED MERCHANDISE ON SALE AT ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES. This June Clearance Sale will continue throughout the whole month. Stocks are enormous. Bargains are such as to involve unprecedented savings for you. Come in with the full assurance that from our full stocks of Up-to-date Merchandise your Needs Will Be fully Met and at Prices Astonishingly Low.

Line Stripe Japonika Silk, navy, red, pink and sky, sold for 39c, for 25c. yard.

Waterproof Foulards, 75 patterns to select from, sold for 83c, 88c, and \$1, choice 50c. yard.

Fine White Crepe, with silk pencil stripe, 25c. value for 21c.

1 to 10 yard lengths of white cream and tan voile and marquisette, values to 40c. for 12c. yard.

22 inch Huckaback Toweling, 20c. value for 15c. yard.

Aleazar 40 inch mercerized Foulards with Persian borders, 25c. value for 14c.

36 inch all pure linen crash in oyster white and tan, 35c. value for 29c.

75c. oyster white Ramie linen, 45 inches wide, for 50c.

Repplette in stripes, requires no ironing, 15c. value for 12 1-2c.

40 inch Flaxon and Luna lawn, in 1 to 10 yard lengths, 11c. yard.

White voile in neat colored stripes, 20c. value for 11c. yard.

40 inch dainty lawns for 12 1-2c.

22 inch union linen huck toweling, 20c. value, 15c. yard.

40 inch Bordered Batiste, floral and scroll borders, 20c. value for 12 1-2c.

Embroidered Flouncing, 54 inches wide, 3 1-2 yards in pattern, original price \$10, now \$6.90.

Embroidered Flouncing, 54 inches wide, 2 3-4 yards, original price \$8.50, now \$5.39.

Gloss Linen Flounce, embroidered in colors, 27 inch, 4 1-2 yards in the piece, was \$14.75, reduced to \$7; band to match, \$1.50 yards.

Mrs. Newlywed (sobbing)—Oh George, the c-cat has e-eaten the b-beautiful cake I b-baked this morning.

Newlywed (consoling)—Well, dear, don't cry; I'll buy you another cat tomorrow!

VERY LOW RATES VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

\$14.50—Greensboro to Philadelphia, Pa. and return account Northern Baptist convention, on sale June 12-16 and 19th, final limit June 20th, 1911.

\$9.80—Greensboro to Knoxville, Tenn. and return account Summer School of the South, June 20-July 28, 1911. Dates of sale June 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, July 1, 8, 9 and 15, 1911, only. Final limit to reach original starting point returning not later than (15) days from date of sale.

\$1.75—Greensboro to Oxford, N. C. and return account St. John's Day Celebration. Tickets on sale June 24 limited to same date for return. Special train service will be operated between Durham, N. C. and Oxford.

\$84.15—Greensboro to San Francisco and return account National Educational Association. Dates of sale June 26th to July 4th, inclusive, 1911. Final limit September 15, 1911.

\$16.40—Greensboro to Atlantic City, N. J. and return account International Convention, United Society of Christian Endeavor, July 6-12, 1911. Dates of sale July 3, 4 and 5, 1911, final limit July 19, 1911.

\$5.45—Greensboro to Charlottesville, Va. and return. account. University of Virginia Summer School. Dates of sale June 17, 19, 20, 23, 24, 26, and July 3 and 10, 1911. Final limit fifteen days from date of sale.

\$23.45—Greensboro to Rochester, N. Y. and return account Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Imperial Council, July 11-13, 1911. Dates of sale July 7, 8 and 9, 1911. Final limit July 18, 1911.

\$15.95—Greensboro to Montague and Seawane, Tenn. and return account Montague Sunday School Institute. Dates of sale June 30, July 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, August 11, 12 and 18, 1911. Final limit September 5, 1911.

\$16.40, Greensboro to Atlantic City, N. J. and return account Grand Lodge, B. P. O. E. July 10-15, 1911. Dates of sale July 7, 8 and 9, 1911. Final limit July 20, 1911.

Embroidered Shirt Waist Fronts, sold up to 90c. yard, 24 inch lengths, 39c.

Venice Lace and Insertion, Ecru and White, 25c. values, 15c. yard.

White Repp, French finish, 15c. value, for 9 1-2c.

Val Insertions, White, Ecru, and colors, 2c. yard.

Lawns and Dimities, beautiful floral and small patterns, 10 and 12 yard lengths, 8c. yard.

50c. quality of Bengaline Cord, in sky, pink, lavender and tan, highly mercerized, for 25c. yard.

Shepherd Check Linen, 35c. value, for 25c.

Salt and Pepper Linen, 35c. value, for 25c.

36-inch French Galatee, colors guaranteed, 20c. value, for 12 1-2c. yard.

25 pieces of imported Gingham, beautiful patterns in checks, plaids and stripes. Sold for 25 and 29c, choice 18c. yard.

Ladies' Gauze Vests, seconds of 25c. quality, 10c.

Men's Leather Belts, 25c. quality, 19c.; 50c. quality, 39c.

Two Clasp Emb. Silk Gloves, 75c. value, for 50c.

Men's Scriven's Elastic Seam Drawers, 75c. quality, 56c.

All colors silk Moire and Gros Grain belting, value up to 50c. yard, for 10c. belt.

Big lot Embroidered Flouncing; sold for \$1.50, reduced to 89c.

Big assortment of fancy Parasols, sold up to \$2.25, choice 98c.

One piece Bordered Foulard Silk, white with blue polka dot and border, \$1.25 value, for 85c.

Big lot of Woolen Goods, including black voiles, colored Marquisette, Mohairs, striped Panama, black 50 inch Batiste, values 50c. to \$1, choice 39c.

READY TO WEAR—4D FLOOR.

Taffeta Silk Underskirts, black, navy, gray, rose and changeable, made of good quality, sheered ruffle, dust ruffle of percaleine, for \$1.95.

Lawn Kimonos, dots and figures of black and white grounds, 39 values for 23c.

Cambrie Underskirts, 12-inch emb. flounce, \$1.25 value, for 89c.

White Chiffon Dress, over silk, sold for \$25, for \$15.

Sky Chiffon Dress, over silk, sold for \$25, for \$19.

Light Blue Chiffon Dress, sold for \$17, for \$15.

Maize Chiffon Dress, over silk, sold for \$22, for \$17.50.

Pink Chiffon Dress, over silk, sold for \$17, for \$15.

Light Blue Messaline Dress, sold for \$30, reduced to \$6.95.

Light Blue Messaline Dress, sold for \$27.50, for \$6.95.

Salmon color Crepe de

WANT ADS

Connecting Link Between Buyer & Seller

Classified Ads One Cent a Word Each Insertion. No ads taken for less than Twenty-five Cents for First Insertion. Situation Want Ads Free One Time.

WANTED.

WANTED—FURNITURE FOR STORAGE; apply to Huntley-Stockton-Hill Co., June 11, 29t.

WANTED—TO BORROW MONEY IN amounts of \$100 to \$500 on first mortgage securities. Will pay 8 per cent. interest per annum. Address box 42, Greensboro, N. C. 3-9-tf.

MALE HELP.

WANTED—BOARD FOR MAN, WIFE and baby. State rates, address "Ab," care Telegram. 6-20-3t

WANTED—MEN TO TAKE A THIRTY days Practical course in our Machine Shops, learn the Automobile business and accept good positions. Charlotte Auto School, Charlotte, N. C. 5-18 Thurs.-Sun.-Tues.-tf.

WANTED—MEN TO PREPARE FOR positions now waiting at top wages. Learn the barber trade. Few weeks qualifies. No dull season. No strikes. Cash every Saturday night. Apply by mail. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga. 6-17-3t

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN THE Cotton business in our Sample rooms; two weeks to complete course; high salaries positions secured. Charlotte Cotton School, Charlotte, N. C. 5-18-Thurs.-Sun.-Tues.-tf.

WANTED—POSITION IN GENERAL store, or as bookkeeper. Address "D. E.," care Telegram. 6-15 5t

FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—LADY CASHIER. APPLY at once, with recommendations. Peebles' Shoe Co. 6-20-tf

WANTED—POSITION, BY YOUNG lady as bookkeeper and stenographer with some experience. Would be willing to work as saleslady part of time. Apply to 609 South Elm street, Greensboro, N. C. 6-20-2t

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO HOUSE-work at the Brady House. White or colored. 6-17-3t

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—BUGGY LAPROBE. CALL C. Q. Liles, McAdoo Porter. 6-20-1t

BUSINESS NOTICES.

FIRST WATERMELONS OF SEASON—car load of fine melons arrived Monday morning and are now on sale. Prices reasonable. Send in orders early. C. W. Jennings & Sons. 6-18-3t

WE ARE CLOSING OUT THE REMAINDER of our spring stock of Rugs and Art Squares at cost. If you need a nice rug, Axminster or Crex drugget, buy now. N. J. McDuffie, 116 West Market St. 6-18-2t

FIRST WATERMELONS OF SEASON—car load of fine melons arrived Monday morning and are now on sale. Prices reasonable. Send in orders early. C. W. Jennings & Sons. 6-18-3t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ONE FRESH JERSEY cow and calf. Apply to 833 Dillard street. Phone 1126. 6-20-1t

FOR SALE—ALL KINDS OF PARTS for machinery, shafting, pulleys, etc. Southern Junk & Hide Co., S. Davie Street. tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HEAVY HAULING. IF YOU HAVE anything heavy you want moved or hauled a distance, get our prices. Horse or steam power. Glenn Bros., 334 E. McCulloch street. Phone 1053. tf.

LAST CALL FOR LICENSE TAXES. All persons, firms and corporations doing business in Greensboro, who are liable for license taxes are hereby notified that the same are past due, and unless paid at once, they will be liable under the law for doing business without license. So please come across.

Respectfully,
T. J. MURPHY,
Commissioner of Finance.
June 20, 3t.

For Sale

Good farm, in good neighborhood; 110 acres land. Well watered, plenty wood. 1,400 fruit trees, every variety. One seven-room dwelling, and two four-room cottages. This is the "Dobson Place," 5 miles west from city, on public road. Property can be bought very cheap for immediate sale.

BROWN

Real Estate Comp'y.
109 E. Market St.
Possession at once.

FARM FOR SALE!

107 Acres

Located about 3 miles west of Guilford College and one mile from Friendship. The land is about equally divided between red and gray soil. There are about 12 acres of fine bottom land. The buildings are new and good. About 30 acres fenced with barbed wire for cattle and about 20 acres with hog wire for hogs, sheep and cows. There is a thrifty young orchard. The owner wants a quick purchaser and will sell for less than the place is worth. See us at once.

Southern Real Estate Co.
David White, Pres. W. E. Blair, Treas.

For Sale

Stovewood, split or in blocks, delivered at \$1 per load. Order trial load and see how much good wood you get. Cord wood all kinds at \$3 per cord. W. F. Clarida, Phone 1404.



Excursion Fares To Atlantic City, N. J., and Return Account Grand Lodge B. P. O. E., July 10-15, 1911.

\$16.40 is low rate announced by the Southern Railway account Grand Lodge B. P. O. E., Greensboro to Atlantic City, N. J., and return. Tickets on sale July 7, 8, 9. Final limit July 20, 1911. Limit can be extended until Aug. 20, by depositing ticket and upon payment of fee of \$1.00. Through Pullman Sleeping Cars will be arranged, and it is probable that special train will be operated leaving Greensboro July 8, if so same to be announced later.

Approximately low rates from all other stations. It is expected that this meeting will have a wonderfully large attendance, and those desiring Pullman accommodations should make application early. For further information, see Southern nearest agent, or address R. H. DeButts, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C. W. H. McGlamery, P. and T. A., Greensboro, N. C.

NEW ORDINANCE.

BE IT ORDAINED, That Section 91 of the ordinances of the City of Greensboro be and the same is hereby amended by adding at the end of said section the following:

"Provided a margin not exceeding two and one-half feet in width on the inside of the city's sidewalks on the business blocks of the city, be allowed for the exhibition of merchandise by the abutting merchants.

"Provided also that all fruits, (except bananas), berries, vegetables, and dressed meats, so exhibited shall be screened with glass; and no other obstruction shall be allowed upon the streets or sidewalks except by permission of the Board of Commissioners."

By order of the Board.

J. S. MICHAUX,
City Clerk.

1t

CLOSETS UP TO DATE

STORAGE PLACES ARE MIRACLES OF CONVENIENCE.

New York Newspaper Describes Receptacles That May Be Envy of Any Housewife — Wonderful Nursery Appurtenance.

Women architects, it is said, resent the association of their names with closets. "Just as if we couldn't build anything but closets," one of them snapped the other day, "and just as if any sensible man architect couldn't make all the closets that are necessary!"

So the Tribune reporter knew better than to make guesses about the sex of the architect, great as was the temptation, when the mistress of the new house began displaying her closets.

"In every one there are electric lights," she explained proudly, "and they are turned on and off with the opening and shutting of the door. No matches, no candle to blow in the draft and set fire to things, and no waste of electricity. Isn't that a scheme?"

Then she showed off her closets for shoes and hats. Each pair of shoes had a separate compartment fitted with shoe trees. The hat compartments were fitted out with millinery standards to keep the hats from being crushed.

The proud mother had a wonderful closet in the nursery. It contained sliding shelves set quite closely together, one above the other. They were very deep, but made of a light wood, so that they were not heavy. An entire shelf, with its contents, can be lifted out easily and carried like a tray to any place where it is needed. The bottom shelf, covered with white rubber, is to be used for a toilet table. On it were a pretty paper mache basin, soap dish and powder boxes. On each of the other shelves complete baby outfits were laid out, ready for use.

The architect who planned the linen closet certainly knew woman's wants. It looked like a row of deep drawers, but instead of pulling out the front pieces were hinged and let down like a desk cover, supported by chains. Behind were the shelves or recesses, filled with linen. In sorting or arranging the linen the front of the drawer serves as a table.—New York Tribune.

Laundrying Crepe.

To launder a cotton crepe waist soak for an hour in lukewarm soap-suds, using any good soap. Then wash carefully, so as not to stretch. Shake well and pull lengthwise. Hang on a coat hanger and put in the sun to dry. This helps to keep the shape across the shoulders. It is best to cover the coat hanger with a Turkish towel or clean cloth. It is also a good plan to tack a piece of tape from the neck to the armhole. When laundered in this manner crepe waists will retain both their appearance and their shape.

Salad Dressing.

Heat one-half cup vinegar in a double boiler. In a bowl mix two level teaspoons of mustard, two level teaspoons salt, three tablespoons sugar (level), one-fourth teaspoon paprika or little less if you use cayenne. Add three eggs when cheap, two when prices are high. Beat, then add one cup thick cream or one of thin with one tablespoon butter and beat. Add this mixture to the hot vinegar and cook until smooth and thick, not too thick, as it thickens as it cools. After it is cooked strain and cool.

Mustard Greens.

Wash the mustard leaves thoroughly, cut them in shreds or run them through a food chopper and put them over the fire, dripping wet, in a tightly covered saucepan. If necessary, add water very judiciously. In small quantities, so there will be no liquid on the greens when they are done. Season with salt and cayenne pepper, and stir in one tablespoonful of cornmeal, sprinkling it carefully and stirring hard so it will not form lumps. Let the greens cook until they and the meal are thoroughly done.

Baked Bean Rabbit.

One teaspoon of butter, one cup mashed baked beans, one cup boiled rice, one cup milk, two teaspoons grated lemon rind, one teaspoon grated onion, one-half teaspoon pepper, one scant teaspoon salt, one beaten egg. Melt butter in chafing dish, add other ingredients except egg, mix well and heat thoroughly, then stir in the egg and serve hot on crackers with pickles.

Genoa Dish.

Stew one dozen tomatoes until soft, add a little sugar, salt, and cayenne. Put through a colander, return to fire. In a frying pan heat three large tablespoons of butter, break into it rapidly six eggs, stirring all the time. As soon as eggs are broken and mixed add the tomatoes, then add quickly three tablespoons of grated Parmesan cheese. Eat with brown bread.

Deviled Biscuit.

Make a seasoning of cayenne, anchovy paste, salt and curry powder, butter some captain's biscuits or rolls cut in two, lay the mixture and grill, or make a paste of cheese, mustard and salt, and spread over when toasted; butter unsparingly; time, from five to ten minutes.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS

WEATHER FORECAST.

Louisiana—Unsettled, showers.
Arkansas—Unsettled, showers in east.
Oklahoma—Fair.
All Texas—Generally fair.
North Carolina and South Carolina—Unsettled, showers.
Georgia, Florida, Alabama—Showers.
Mississippi—Unsettled.
Florida—Showers, unsettled.

COTTON LETTER TO J. E. LATHAM.

New Orleans, La., June 19.—The government map this morning shows fair weather in Texas and Oklahoma, no rain except a sprinkle at Fort Worth and 40 at Palestine. Cloudy in the central and eastern belt, with showers generally mostly light in the central and eastern States but some heavy rains in north Alabama and east Tennessee and pretty generally in the Atlantic. Indications are for fair weather in the northern half of Texas, Oklahoma, clearing in Arkansas. Part cloudy in south Texas; cloudy in the lower central and eastern States with possibly more showers in the central and eastern States.

According to official records only Temple, Texas, had a heavy rain, of .94. Many localities in the south, central and eastern States show heavy rains. The drought conditions in the central belt appear partly relieved and in the Atlantic the relief appears thorough but from the above it appears quite clear that there has been no general relief in Texas.

Our market experienced heavy selling around opening, based on the weakness of July in New York and rains in the belt over Sunday, but new crops were in large demand at the decline and October steadied around 13.10. Tomorrow's weekly government report is expected with interest as it may shed some light on the great contrast between private rain reports from Texas and official rain records.

HAYWARD & CLARK.

NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close
June	14.67	14.67	14.67	14.53
July	14.75	14.80	14.60	14.61
Aug.	14.48	14.65	14.41	14.48
Sep.	13.39	13.51	13.39	13.42
Oct.	13.18	13.25	13.13	13.15
Nov.	13.21	13.27	13.14	13.16
Dec.	13.18	13.25	13.13	13.14
Jan.	13.18	13.25	13.13	13.14
Feb.	13.26	13.30	13.20	
Mch.				
Steady.				

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close
June	7.92	7.92	7.92	7.92
June and July	7.79	7.79	7.79	7.79
July and Aug.	7.74	7.74	7.74	7.74
Aug. and Sep.	7.48	7.48	7.48	7.48
Sept. and Oct.	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14
Oct. and Nov.	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Nov. and Dec.	6.85	6.85	6.85	6.85
Dec. and Jan.	6.84	6.84	6.84	6.84
Jan. and Feb.	6.84	6.84	6.84	6.84
Feb. and Mch.	6.95	6.95	6.95	6.95
Mch. and April	6.95	6.95	6.95	6.95
Quiet but steady.				

CHICAGO MARKET CLOSE.

	July	Sept.	Dec.
Wheat	88 3/4	88 3/4	91
Corn	55 1/2	56 1/2	55 1/2
Oats	38 1/2	39 1/2	41 1/2
Pork	15.25	15.20	
Lard	8.12	8.27	8.00
Ribs	8.30	8.25	

NEW ORLEANS COTTON MARKET.

	Open	High	Low	Close
June	14.67	14.67	14.67	14.67
July	14.70	14.78	14.67	14.70
Aug.	14.10	14.14	13.99	14.01
Sept.	13.34	13.38	13.28	13.28
Oct.	13.09	13.14	13.00	13.04
Nov.	13.09	13.12	13.00	13.03
Dec.	13.13	13.15	13.07	13.08
Mch.	13.25	13.27	13.21	13.20
Steady.				

SPOT COTTON MARKETS.

New Orleans—Nominal, unchanged; middling, 15 5-16; sales 202 bales.
New York—20 lower; middling, 15.30; no sales.
Savannah—Nominal, unchanged; 15 1/2; sales 200 bales.
Norfolk—1-8 off; quiet, 15 1-4; sales 5 bales.
Baltimore—Nominal, 1-4 off; 15 5-8.
Boston—Quiet, 5 off; 15.60.
St. Louis—Quiet, 1-8 off; 15 1-8.

"BLIND TIGERS" ARE SCORED BY JUDGE DANIELS

In Charge He Urged Grandjury to Strive to Have All Violators of Law Brought Into Court For Trial — Also Scored Non-Tax Payers.

The first work of Superior Court yesterday morning was the selection of the grand jury and the charge of Judge Daniels. The following were selected as members of that body: S. W. H. Smith, foreman; Enoch Shelly, N. W. Allred, J. L. Brockmann, J. P. Whitsell, J. E. Blackburn, A. A. Garrett, J. W. Loman, J. H. Elliott, Harrison White, T. N. Sellers, Geo. T. Waynick, J. H. Summers, S. T. Rankin, J. A. Elliott, H. E. Pitts, A. F. Jackson, E. M. Dodson. J. H. Parrish was sworn in as grand jury officer.

Judge Daniels' charge lasted for something more than an hour, during which time he held the attention of not only the members of the grand jury, but of every person in the court room. After explaining at length the duties of grand jurors and their part in assisting in keeping down crime and making the State a more desirable place to live in, as considered from a standpoint of law and order, the court explained the statutes covering the more serious offenses and the purpose of inflicting punishment on those committing offenses against the statutes.

Speaking of the prohibition law Judge Daniels said that it was designed chiefly to protect the growing generation from the evils of liquor; to keep them from contracting the habit of liquor drinking, which would be done as long as liquor is sold. The time was when people looked upon the sale of liquor as upon the sale of other articles of merchandise and thought nothing of it. Now, they are awakening to the evils that arise from liquor drinking and are determined to put a stop to it. His Honor referred to the fact that in the past many children have become confirmed drunkards before they reached the age of accountability, or rather of discretion. He urged the grand jury to make every effort to have those who have been selling liquor in violation of the law brought into the courts and let them be dealt

with. He said that in so doing the courts might, by making a nemexemplum of some, cause others to refrain from their evil practice and thus be instrumental in reforming them and causing them to seek a living by honorable methods.

Judge Daniels also scored those who shirk paying their taxes. All citizens derive benefit from this government, which is a government of the people, and all should cheerfully pay their proportionate part of the running expenses. Judge Daniels also mentioned the payment of license taxes, or privilege taxes, and he urged the jurors to investigate and if there were any who had failed to pay their license taxes to return presentments against them.

Several other matters were called to the grand jury and they were instructed to discharge their duty without fear or favor and to return bills of indictment or make presentments against any who have violated the laws of the State.

Mrs. B. E. Sergeant Died Yesterday

Mrs. B. E. Sergeant passed away yesterday morning at 6:40 o'clock after a serious illness that has continued for several months. The death occurred at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. M. Andrews, 102 South Mendenhall street. The deceased had showed remarkable strength during her sickness, for last winter, though 84 years old at the time, she underwent an operation for her disease and for a while recuperated splendidly from the effects, but recently she has declined rapidly and it was known among her sorrowing relatives that the end could not be far distant.

Mrs. Sergeant is survived by her husband and five children, Mesdames E. M. Andrews and W. T. Branson, and W. T. George S., and Joseph G. Sergeant, all of this city. A daughter, Mrs. W. R. Odell, of Concord, died last year at her home in that place. The deceased was a native of Wilmington, Del., but she and her husband have been living in this city since 1870.

The funeral services will be held this morning from the residence of the daughter, Mrs. Andrews, and will be conducted at 11 o'clock by Rev. E. K. McLarty, the pastor of West Market Street Methodist church, of which Mrs. Sergeant has been a devout and consistent member for over two score years. Interment will follow at Green Hill cemetery, with pall-bearers serving as follows: C. H. Ireland, C. H. Dorsett, J. L. Brockmann, W. L. Cranford, A. W. McAlister and A. M. Scales.

JUNE CLEARANCE SALES

Bargains! Bargains!!

Monday, June 19th

We Start a Series of

Bargain Sales

That will make Shopping Most Interesting to Economical Housewives

THOUSANDS OF YARDS OF DEPENDABLE MERCHANDISE WILL BE PLACED ON OUR BARGAIN COUNTERS AT PRICES SO REDUCED AS TO MAKE A DIRECT APPEAL TO THE SMALLEST PURSE.

HUNDREDS AND HUNDREDS OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR GARMENTS WILL BE ON BARGAIN TABLES AT SPECIAL REDUCED PRICES. AMONG THIS GREAT LOT OF MUSLIN UNDERGARMENTS WILL BE ONE THOUSAND PAIRS CHILDREN'S PERFECTLY MADE CAMBRIC DRAWERS IN SIZES RANGING FROM TWO TO TWELVE YEARS, AT 5c. THE PAIR—NOT MORE THAN SIX PAIRS TO A CUSTOMER.

A CLEAN SWEEP SALE OF ALL LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR WILL BE MADE — TELL YOUR FRIENDS ABOUT THE SALE.

Remnants Remnants

THOUSANDS OF REMNANTS AND SHORT-ENDS, TABLE LINEN, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, GINGHAMS, COLORED WASH GOODS, FINE SHEER WHITE GOODS, LINEN SUITING, DAINY SUMMER COTTON FABRICS, CURTAIN DRAPERY AND NETS, EMBROIDERIES IN ALL WIDTHS, LACES OF ALL KINDS, RIBBONS, LININGS, SHEETING, PILLOW CASING, BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED DOMESTIC.

ECONOMICAL INCLINED MOTHERS WILL FIND A VERitable BARGAIN FEAST DISPLAYED ON OUR BARGAIN TABLES. DON'T FAIL TO COME MONDAY. COME EARLY AND SHARE IN THE GOOD THINGS THIS STORE HAS PREPARED FOR YOU. "WISE MEN DIP INTO THE FUTURE— WISE WOMEN PLAN FOR FUTURE NEEDS."

Sale Begins Promptly at 9 O'Clock Monday Morning

BE AMONG THE FIRST TO COME, AND BEAR IN MIND THAT— IT'S ECONOMY TO TRADE AT THIS STORE.

Ellis, Stone & Co.

The Daylight Store

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

On account of misunderstanding by the taxpayers of the new laws requiring tax books to be closed June 15th, the board of County Commissioners have extended the time for listing in Gilmer, Morehead and High Point Townships up to and including June 30th, to give those that have failed to list an opportunity to do so without double tax.

Please see the list-takers at once. By order of the Board.

6-17-10t
LESLIE ABBOTT,
Auditor.

Southern's Special Arrangement Account St. John's Day Celebration, Oxford, N. C. June 24, 1911.

\$1.75 is low rate announced by the Southern Railway Greensboro to Oxford, N. C., and return account St. John's Day celebration and Masonic picnic. Tickets on sale June 24, limited to same date for return. Passengers from Greensboro should leave on No. 108 at 7:30 a. m. which connects at Durham with special train leaving Durham 10:00 a. m. Returning special train will leave Oxford in time to connect at Durham with train No. 131 arriving Greensboro 10 p. m. Approximately low rates from other stations. For further information see Southern's nearest agent or address W. H. McGlamery, P. and T. A., Greensboro, N. C.

STREET CAR SCHEDULE.

Following is the street car schedule of the North Carolina Public Service Company:

For South Greensboro and Lindley Park. Beginning at 6:10 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 10 minutes after the hour, 10 minutes before the hour and on the half hour.

For White Oak. Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour and the half hour.

For Proximity. Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 15 minutes before the hour, 15 minutes after the hour, and on the half hour.

For Piedmont. Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:00 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour.

For Gate City. Beginning at 5:45 a. m. and continuing until 11:00 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 15 minutes before the hour, 15 minutes after the hour, and on the half hour.

Sundays the cars start two hours later than on week days, but otherwise the schedule is the same on Sunday as on the other days of the week.

A Dependable Shirt Waist

is something every lady of taste admires and appreciates. Such is the

Mendel's Make

Many Greensboro ladies know the superiority of these waists, but in order that others may know them and their many advantages we will have a Special display of them Monday and Reduced Prices. Remember Monday.

J. M. HENDRIX & CO.

223 SOUTH ELM STREET

THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

Cooking Lectures by Mrs. Whitted Began Yesterday

The first of the series of cooking lectures and demonstrations given by the Public Service Co. at their offices yesterday afternoon at four o'clock was greeted by a large and enthusiastic audience of ladies who were loud in their praise of Mrs. Whitted, the professional cook and demonstrator, who the company secured for the entire week. The indications of the first demonstration point to the largest and best series of demonstrations ever attempted in this city as the company has spared neither time nor expense to make everything as pleasant as possible for the hundreds of ladies who will attend.

Mrs. Whitted is a graduate of the Bos-

ton Cooking School and Chicago School of Domestic Arts and comes highly recommended from Durham, Charlotte, Greenville, Asheville and Wilmington and many other cities where she has been. A souvenir and carnation was presented to each in attendance yesterday.

From the interest taken yesterday afternoon each one seemed to pass a most enjoyable and profitable evening. The following menu was prepared: Broiled porterhouse steak, Hollandaise sauce, Saratoga chips and plunkets.

This afternoon Mrs. Whitted will serve broiled lamb chops, mint sauce, potato tumbles with spring peas, pineapple cake with uncooked icing. The lectures begin promptly at 4 p. m.

Agnes—Unable to attract men, is she? Gladys—Yes, indeed. She says she's sure that if her house is ever burgled it will be done by a woman.

Children's Day at Centre Meeting House

Sunday afternoon, beginning at two o'clock, the Sunday school of Centre church in Sumner Township presented the annual Children's Day program. The many visitors being present from various sections of the county. W. P. Hockett, superintendent of the Sunday school, presided during the exercises. The program was rendered by the children of the school and was most creditable to the children and to the young ladies who were instrumental in training them for their parts. The program by the children was followed by an address by J. T. Fain, editor of The Telegram, whose subject was "The Importance of Bringing All the Children Into the Sunday School." The program by the members of the Sunday school was as follows:

Program.

Song—March Along.
Devotional Exercise, by pastor, Miss Rodena Wright.
Song—Follow After Jesus.
Recitation—On Children's Day, by Moray Gamble.
Recitation—Sunshine, by Mattie Farlow.
Recitation—Little Things, by Christine Gossett and Pauline Quate.
Recitation—His Last Court, by Lacie Dickens.
With Jesus in Galilee, by six boys.
Song—The Sunday School Brigade, by Girl Chorus.
Recitation—by Ola Hodgkin.
Song—Sowing Seed.
Lily Bells Are Ringing, by sixteen girls.
Blossoming for Jesus, by Ola Hodgkin and others.
Recitation and Declamation, by Lindley and Ethel Hockett.
Duet—Savior Lead Them—Velva and Roy Hodgkin.
Recitation—The Deadly Cigarette, by Rob. Hodgkin.
Song—Don't Forget Your Pennies, by Ethel Hockett and Moray Gamble.
A Plea for Missionary Offering—by Miss Rodena Wright.

Women and Society

For Miss Gilmer.
Mrs. S. L. Gilmer entertained last night in honor of Miss Josephine Gilmer, of Waynesville, who is visiting at the home of Mrs. Gilmer.

Wedding Invitations.
Invitations reading as follows have been received by friends in the city:

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Murray invite you to be present at the marriage of their daughter Pauline to Mr. Dwight Merrimon Davidson Wednesday morning, July the twelfth at half past ten o'clock Midway Presbyterian Church Greensboro, North Carolina.

Butler-Campbell.
In the presence of close relatives and intimate friends Miss Lottie Campbell, the attractive and popular young daughter of J. D. Campbell, of this city, and Charles H. Butler, a prominent young business man of Bennettsville, S. C., were united in marriage Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. Rev. J. Clyde Turner, pastor of the First Baptist church, officiated in the ceremony, which was performed at the home of the bride's uncle, R. G. Campbell, 1191 Summit avenue.

Although the wedding was only a quiet home affair the home was attractively decorated with ferns and flowers. Soon after the ceremony the happy couple left for a short honeymoon trip, after which they will make their home in Bennettsville.

Nurses Elect Officers.
The board of directors of the North Carolina Nurses' Association held a meeting Saturday at Watts' Hospital in Durham to elect the officers of the organization for the ensuing year. The election resulted as follows:

President—Miss Constance E. Pfohl, R. N., Winston-Salem.
First Vice-President—Miss Mary L. Wyche, R. N., Durham.
Second Vice-President—Miss Mary Layton, R. N., Asheville.
Treasurer—Miss Eugenia Henderson, R. N., Winston-Salem.
Secretary—Miss Lois A. Toomer, R. N., Wilmington.

Mrs. L. B. Pegram has returned to Raleigh, after a visit to relatives in this city.

Mrs. R. M. Rees and children have returned from a vacation of a week at Asheville.

Mrs. R. H. DeButts and children, of Charlotte, after a visit with relatives here, left Sunday for Linden, Va., where they will visit relatives and friends for a few weeks.

Miss Jessie Wicker left yesterday to attend the University of Virginia summer school for teachers, in progress at Charlottesville.

Mrs. W. G. Crutchfield, of Anniston, Ala., who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. S. C. Dodson, returned home yesterday.

Mrs. W. E. Stone and daughter, Miss Florence, of Raleigh, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Dicks.

Miss Mary Benbow returned Sunday night from an extended trip through the west, visiting friends in Mississippi and California.

Miss Emma Bolton, of Fincastle, Va., has arrived for a visit with Miss Frances Harry, on West Market street.

Mrs. W. M. Adams and Miss Florence Legerton left yesterday to spend a month at Hiddenite.

Mrs. Mollie C. Ireland has gone to Knoxville, Tenn., where she will visit relatives.

Miss Vivian Huffman, of Elon College, is visiting relatives in and near Greensboro.

Mrs. J. P. Jones has returned from High Point, where she underwent an operation. She is improving rapidly.

Mrs. G. A. B. Holderby, of Spencer, accompanied by her little son, Howard, and two daughters, Misses Margaret and Pauline, left yesterday on a visit to relatives and friends in High Point and Guilford county.—Sallybury Post.

Mrs. H. E. Oliver and children arrived in Greensboro Sunday from Birmingham, Ala., and Mr. Oliver and family are residing on North Spring street. Mr. Oliver is the circulation manager of The Telegram.

A Typographical Error Corrected.
In the advertisement of The Wills Book & Stationery Co. published in The Telegram on Sunday morning, there were several typographical errors in the prices named. The correct prices are shown in the advertisement printed elsewhere in today's paper.

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Walsh and son, Joe, have returned from a visit to Raleigh.

G. Sam Bradshaw, Jr., returned Sunday night from a trip to Washington and New York.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Busick and daughter, Miss Effie, left Sunday to spend a vacation of several days at Ocean View, Va., and Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

R. G. Lea and children have returned from a vacation to Wrightsville Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Johnson have returned from a vacation at Hiddenite.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Adams, after a short visit with W. M. Adams, left yesterday for a long vacation at Hiddenite.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Caldwell went to Rock Hill yesterday morning to visit Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Long.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Ferguson and baby, of Charlotte, have returned home after a visit to Mrs. Robert Denny.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cator and baby, of Florida, are here to visit Mr. Cator's mother, Mrs. Annie Cator, and to attend the Doeworth-Cator wedding.

A. W. McAllister and family have returned from a visit to relatives in Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Wagner arrived last night to visit Mrs. Wagner's mother, Mrs. Peter P. Yates, Church street. Mrs. Wagner was Miss Mary Yates, her marriage to Mr. Wagner having occurred in Asheville Friday night.

R. G. Vaughn will leave today for Kanuga Lake to attend the sessions of the State Bankers' Association.

R. J. Mebane left yesterday on a business trip to Virginia.

Carter Dalton will leave today for

NEW shipment of Old Tyme Comfort
summer footwear for women just opened. Instep strap slippers, \$1.35 and \$1.50. Plain toe, low heel oxfords, wide and easy wearing, \$1.35, \$1.50 and \$2.00. Oxfords with elastic in sides, \$1.50 and \$1.75. Seamless Julietts, \$1.75. Plain toe, flexible laced shoes, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.50. Nurses' rubber heel laced shoes, \$2.25. Low heel Comfort oxfords for men, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00. Thacker & Brockmann.

NEW white slippers just received. White duck pumps without straps, \$2.50. White mercerized poplin instep strap pumps, \$2.00. White duck instep strap pumps, \$1.50 and \$1.75. Big girls' low heel white mercerized strap pumps, \$2.00. Low heel white duck pumps, \$1.50. Big line of barefoot sandals for children of all sizes. Black Tennis oxfords in boys, girls, women's and men's sizes. Thacker & Brockmann.

DON'T your boy need a new pair of oxfords? We have a big line to select from, gun metal, vici kid and patents for boys of all ages and sizes, also tennis shoes and barefoot sandals. Thacker & Brockmann.

ROYAL Worcester and Bon Ton Corsets, new shipment of these popular corsets in latest and best fitting models just received. Prices \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00. Also four styles of good 50-cent corsets made by the Royal Worcester Co., but not stamped with the name, Thacker & Brockmann.

BAREFOOT SANDALS
FROM INFANT SIZES UP TO GROWN FOLKS NUMBER SIX

Infant Barefoot Sandals, sizes 1 to 5, 60c.
Small Children, sizes 4 to 8, 85c, \$1.10 and \$1.25.
Children sizes, 8 1-2 to 11, \$1.00 and \$1.35.
Larger children, sizes 11 1-2 to 2, \$1.15 and \$1.60.
Largest, sizes 2 1-2 to 6, \$1.35 and \$2.00.

THACKER & BROCKMANN.

Hamlet on business.

Rev. J. W. Long, pastor of Spring Garden Street Methodist church, preached at Rockford last Sunday.

Mr. William Welch, a graduate of Guilford College, has been elected principal of the Lewisville high school.—Winston Sentinel.

J. H. Marshburn Passed Away at Hospital Sunday

John Henry Marshburn died at St. Leo's Hospital Sunday afternoon at 2:15 after suffering excruciating agony for four days. It will be remembered that the young man, who is 23 years old, was found Thursday morning about daybreak

lying on the Southern railway track at a point several yards east of the railroad crossing on East Washington street. He was unconscious and badly injured and though he has received the best care known to the medical science he never regained consciousness from the serious injuries on his head and died without making an intelligent statement as to his name and the cause of his wounds. These were probably inflicted by a train but in what manner is not known, nor are any definite facts known in the mysterious affair.

The body was recognized at the time of its discovery as a mill employee named Marshburn, of Durham, and his identity has been conclusively established by means of this. The remains of the unfortunate young man were prepared for burial here and sent to West Durham for burial, Mrs. Susan E. Marshburn, who attended the boy for several days in his suffering, accompany the body to its destination yesterday morning.

Special Clearance Sale Of BOOKS

Preparatory to taking our Annual Inventory, we are putting on a big reduction sale of books to last all of this week. The term "reduction sale of books" has a double meaning—we want to reduce our stock, and in order to do so have made great reductions in prices. We begin the sale with just two classes—one class the reduced price of which is 18 cents, and one class the reduced price of which is 38c. In the 18 cent class are books the regular prices of which range from 25c to 75c, including over 200 Alger books and a good assortment of Meade books for girls. In the 38 cent class are books the regular prices of which range from 50c to \$2.00. In this class are included many standard works of fiction, such as Dickens, Scott, Elliot, Etc. Also a quantity of Fleming H. Revell Co.'s "Profit Sharing Books," originally sold at from \$1.00 up, sold by Revell at 50c, now offered by us at 38c. This will be the biggest book sale we have ever held, and is an opportunity to secure some rare bargains. Sale will positively last only one week, beginning

MONDAY, JUNE 19th

Watch our windows, also our regular space in the newspapers.

Wills Book & Stationery Co.

Greensboro, N. C.

Cooking Lectures

AT THE OFFICE OF THE

NORTH CAROLINA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY

All This Week, at 4 O'Clock P. M.

MRS. WHITTED, Lecturer.

YOUR PRESENCE REQUESTED.

MENU

Tuesday, June 20th, 4:00 P. M.:

BROILED LAMB CHOPS

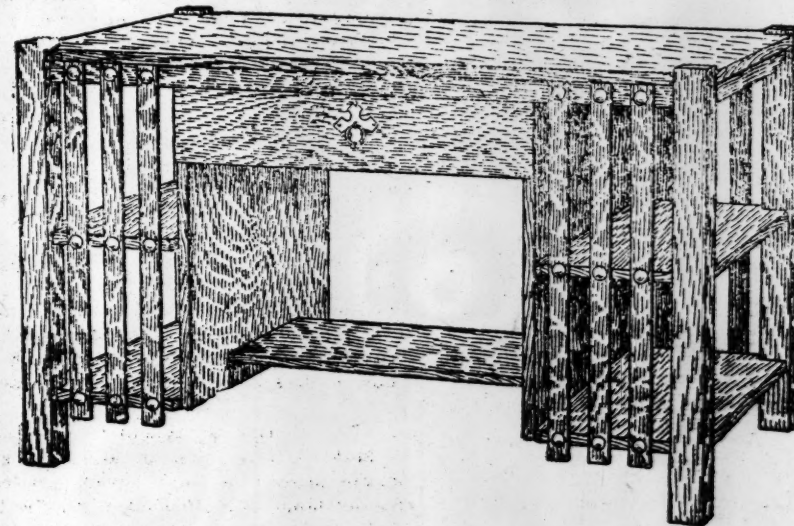
POTATO TIMBALE WITH SPRING PEAS

MINCE SAUCE

PINEAPPLE CAKE

UNCOOKED ICING

HOW IS THIS?



Price \$15.00

A fine Early English Table, 48x28 top, fine brass castors—a book-case on each end. A desk formed when drawer is drawn out. Polished dull.

C. O. FORBIS

120-122-124 East Market St.
BELOW POST OFFICE.

VICTIM OF HARD LUCK

WATSON HOLDS 24-HOUR RECORD FOR MISFORTUNE.

Former Pennsylvanian Tells How He Lost a Big Fortune Through a Foolish Pet Goat and a Fond Grandfather.

"Hard luck!" exclaimed Watson. "You fellows don't know what hard luck is. I claim that I hold the 24-hour record for hard luck. When I was a boy I lived in the Pennsylvania oil country, and my grandfather owned a big farm down there. They had never found oil within five or six miles of grandfather's place, but they were gradually edging along in his direction, and we all expected that sooner or later somebody would uncover a gusher there. That would mean a fortune for grandfather, and as I was his only heir I naturally took considerable interest in the matter.

"Well, one day a rich oil man came along and made an offer for grandfather's farm. They had struck a good well near by, and everybody had come to the conclusion that grandfather's farm was in the middle of the oil belt. Our friends advised against the acceptance of the first offer, which would have been 20 times as much as the farm would have been worth if no oil had been there, but it was certain that if oil were discovered on the farm we could get \$50,000, and perhaps \$100,000, more than the price mentioned by the first bidder.

"Seeing that grandfather wouldn't sell, the man leased a couple of acres from him and started to put down a test well. It was expected that they would have to drill about a thousand feet to reach the sand in which the oil was located, and when they got down that far not a sign of oil had been found. So they decided to torpedo the thing.

"The scheme was to put a lot of nitroglycerin into the well and blow it up. That often made gushers of what at first seemed to be dry holes. They brought a large quantity of the explosive stuff to the farm and stored it in a little shed, expecting to blow up the well the next day. Here's where the hard luck comes in.

"It happened that I had a goat and this goat got into the shed where the explosive was stored. Boylike I rushed in to get the goat out, and grandfather and a crowd of the well drillers saw me. They were horror-stricken. For a moment nobody could move or even speak. Then grandfather offered his farm to any one who would rescue me. One of the drillers accepted the

offer and entered the shed, where he succeeded in getting the goat by the horns just before he had butted into the can of nitroglycerin.

"He flung the goat out through the open door of the shed and then, catching me in his arms, carried me out in safety to grandfather. The old gentleman insisted on deeding the place over to him then and there. The next day they attempted to torpedo the well, and then it was discovered that the can which was supposed to be full of nitroglycerin contained nothing but lard, and the goat died of the shock it sustained when it was thrown out of the shed. Eventually the well turned out to be a gusher.

One-Third of a Wife.

Before a crowded, fashionable and intensely-interested audience, assembled in the Philharmonic hall, Liverpool, some time ago, Dr. Sven Hedin, the distinguished Swedish explorer, imparted much interesting information regarding his recent expedition into Tibet.

A few sentences were devoted to the marriage laws of the Tibetans. It was the custom for a woman to have two or three, or even more, brothers as her husbands. Three brothers would thus have one-third of a wife each—which ought to be quite sufficient, for the women were extremely ugly. When the eldest of the brothers chose a wife the others had to agree. And this was a remarkable thing. In European countries it was the custom to ask a father how many children he had got; in Tibet it was the custom to ask the children, "How many fathers have you got?"

And the answer might be, "I have three—my great father, my middle father, and my little father."

A Bird Sanctuary.

It is the custom during the summer months to leave the ventilating panes open in the old church at Hamstead, Staffordshire. A robin took advantage of this lately and built its nest in the wooden case of the organ behind the false pipes, where it did no harm to the instrument. It was sitting when discovered and was allowed for this once to hatch and rear its brood, one solitary chick. A few leaves from an old prayer-book formed part of its nest. The hen sat quite steadily during the service and took no notice of the organ. But the cock would not face the congregation and only ventured to appear at the windows with food in his bill, but did not dare to come in. A thrush also built in a low laurel bush at the church door, where everyone looked into it, but the boys all agreed it must not be touched and the eggs hatched quite safely.—From Field.

J. P. MORGAN IS BROAD MINDED PATRIOT

Preston Adams Says Congressional Investigation Has Revealed This as Well as Fact That Morgan is Country's Citizen of Greatest Influence.

(By PRESTON C. ADAMS.)

Special to Telegram.

New York, June 19.—The Congressional investigation of the steel trust has developed the startling fact that John Pierpont Morgan has a good deal of influence in the financial affairs of the country.

A suspicion that this may have been the case had spread even beyond the confines of Wall Street but it is nevertheless gratifying and perhaps useful to have all doubts on the point cleared away and the fact made of public record.

Mr. Morgan does have influence, great influence in fact dominating in all matters of high finance in this country. It may be that Congress will find a way to curtail or at least in a measure control this power and even Mr. Morgan would not be unhappy if it did. For while it may be said that he is a broad minded, patriotic man who honestly seeks to use his power wisely and for the benefit of the country, it is perfectly conceivable that some man may be raised up with the combination of brains and unlimited millions entirely without any artistic sentiment, who would endanger the very life of the Republic.

This is a real contingency which challenges the best brains of the country to guard against.

Another fact of very general interest developed by the congressional investigations is the fact that H. O. Havemeyer for years the head of the sugar trust absolutely dominated that \$800,000,000 corporation though he owned only \$200,000 of the stock. The question is being asked how many more of the giant corporations are in the hands of men whose stock ownership is practically negligible.

What effect is the dissolution of the Standard Oil and American Tobacco Companies to have on the ownership of the subsidiary companies composing them.

None, would be the offhand answer. But it is doubtful if this would be correct except for a very limited time.

It was James J. Hill who remarked that a certain famous court decision meant that stockholders would get one blue and one green certificate in place of one red one, and that would be the total result of the decree. The Standard Oil and the American Tobacco Companies will have to devise many colors in order to comply with the recent Supreme Court decisions. At first the owner of the present share may simply deposit his variegated collection in his strongbox where he kept his original certificates, but when estates come to be divided up some of the heirs are likely to get certain colors and others others. Gradually, too, it is expected there will come about changes in the ownership of subsidiaries. That, however, is a matter of the future.

How is business? The closing weeks of the first half of 1911 find American financiers better satisfied with the outlook than they were when the year began, and the best opinion is that at the opening of 1912 prosperity will be more pronounced than it is today or has been during the last eighteen months. The current year has brought disappointments, but it has also brought encouragement. After twenty years corporations are at last learning how they may conform with the Sherman law, and by the opening months of 1912 the legal method of conducting huge interstate industrial enterprises should be clearly defined and sanctioned by the courts. This is a long step forward.

Agriculture, money, our trade balance and politics—these fundamentals have done well during the first half of 1911. The Government and private reports covering the cotton prospects show conclusively that an unprecedented large acreage has been planted and that the early condition of the staple is very promising, hence the expectation of a bounteous crop is justified. The government's elaborate statistics on the grain crops issued last week are also full of encouragement. A yield of 480,000,000 bushels of winter wheat is forecasted, while the unparalleled acreage under spring wheat suggests the possibility of a harvest of nearly 285,000,000 bushels, making a total wheat harvest of nearly 765,000,000 bushels, or considerably greater than produced in any year heretofore. The American money market has been entirely satisfactory from the business viewpoint.

Our foreign trade balance at the end of June should exceed \$50,000,000, thanks to exports of greater volume than ever before attained—a position radically different from that of last year. Further-

more, the promised abundance of cotton and wheat should enable us to export very large amounts during the second half of the current year, and the quietness in domestic trade, combined with the lowering of costs, tends to stimulate exports of general merchandise.

Therefore it may confidently be said, business is all right.

Several importing merchants and bankers of Saloniki, Turkey, are in this country for the purpose of making a commercial tour of the United States. This trip was suggested to them by Consul George Horton, of Saloniki, with a view to increasing American trade in the Levant.

The visiting business men will bring with them samples of cotton goods, hardware, etc., to show the class of goods in demand in Turkey. They will be interested in a varied line of textiles, shoes, rubber footwear, flour, cottonseed oil, agricultural implements, furniture, hardware, chemicals, etc., and wish to visit American factories and to meet American business men. French is spoken by the members of the party.

\$66,000,000 WATER IN SUGAR.

Little of Trust's \$90,000,000 Capital Represents Cash Investment.

Henry T. Oxnard, of the American Beet Sugar Company, enlivened the sugar investigation, conducted by the Hardwick committee, by saying that he got \$750,000 in American Sugar Refineries Company stock, for which he had paid \$85,000, and which he valued at \$200,000. This statement contains what the committee has been after for several days—an estimate of the water in the stock of the present American Sugar Refining Company, which succeeded the Refineries company.

It is argued by Chairman Hardwick that if the Oxnard declaration holds true with the 17 other companies that went into the merger of 1887, of the \$50,000,000 of capital stock there was \$37,000,000 of water.

Oxnard at the outset declared that he and his associates were given \$750,000 in the stock of the Sugar Refineries Company for property worth \$200,000. The stock sold at that time for 70; it sells now for 120.

"Let me see," said Judge Madison. "Oxnard exchanged \$200,000 worth of property for \$750,000 in stock. The company paid 7 per cent interest from the beginning. That gave the Oxnards \$157,500 in interest on their stock the three years they were in that concern. They had already picked up \$325,000. The total gain amounts to \$482,500. That is pretty good on water.

"The capital stock of the Sugar Refineries Company was \$50,000,000. Say that all of it was watered at the rate of 73 per cent., as the Oxnard stock was, what would you have? That looks like \$37,000,000 in water and \$13,000,000 in property.

"The capitalization of the American Sugar Refining Company is \$90,000,000 now. How much of that is water? About \$66,000,000.—New York World.

Cabbage With Fried Onions.

Cut the cabbage in fine shreds and put it, dripping wet, in a kettle with one tablespoonful of butter or oil. Season with salt and cayenne pepper to taste. Cover closely and let it cook in its own steam. Cut one large onion in small cubes and fry in one tablespoonful of butter or oil. When slightly browned, add the cabbage and fry both together a fine golden brown.

Oilless Dressing.

Yolks of two eggs, one tablespoonful each of salt, sugar, celery salt and mustard, a pinch of cayenne pepper, and small piece of butter. Mix smooth and add one-half cup of cream, either sweet or sour, and one cup of vinegar. Thicken in a double boiler and stir until removed from the fire. This will keep in a cool place for several weeks.

Fruit Eclairs.

These are made in the same way as ordinary eclairs, only the inside filling is of some small fruit, with a spoonful of whipped cream on top, added before placing the top on. This is a convenient mode of serving fruit for parties when ease of serving is a consideration. They are very dainty.

Mocha Frosting.

One-half cup butter (unsalted is best). Cream this into one and one-half cups confectioners' sugar. Or the butter may be melted and poured in. Add two tablespoons strong coffee, two scant tablespoons cocoa, one tablespoon of vanilla.

COMBINE ALL COLORS

EXTREME OF BLENDING MARKS FANCY BLOUSES.

Well for Home Sewer to Take a Look at Some of the Designs Displayed in the Stores—Use of Chiffon.

It would be a liberal education to the home sewer for her to examine the relays of fancy blouses forever appearing in the shops before starting in with her own sewing. These bodices, all of which have been designed by capable persons—some, indeed, are copies of high-priced French garments—all give splendid ideas for the blending of materials. The oddest contrasts in color are seen, the most unique effects, and so many different tints and textures are put together that one wonders a little sometimes of the manufacturers weren't simply using up scraps. Yet everything has its reason for being to those who understand the art of dress, the wild contrast in color alone being one of fashion's latest madnesses. Then in the very use of the linings under the veiled waists there are unnumbered hints. One sees the same lining, a coarse foulard with crude colors and patterns, on another counter, but how different it looks when the veiling or chiffon is over it. The colors are softened or entirely changed, the pattern beautifully blurred, dimmed, made the mysterious symphony it should be instead of the hard board of geometrical arabesques it once was. The exception in such cases, where a thin goods is put over a patterned lining, is with the checked doublings. These show the exact pattern through, but since a check when veiled is very smart the result is charming.

Some of the ready-made fancy blouses are incredibly cheap, one design showing chiffon in various delicate tints over thin silk linings with big flowers. These have silver and gilt tinsel yokes and sleeve edges, the shape of the waist on the kimono or



der, and a contrasting embroidery in coarse floss and tinsel at the front. One little beauty of a faded and yet deepish blue had red roses and green leaves in the lining and a sort of purple embroidery with tinsel touches on the front. Other waists in the same design were in every color imaginable, the embroidery matching or contrasting, and the universal price was just five dollars. The bodices are for wear with the smarter coat suits of cloth or velvet and for house use. They look best when matching the skirt or suit at some point, and of course they would be intensely vulgar if relegated to every-day wear. In fact, the fancy bodice signifies some elegance in the get-up, though a veiled waist in a dark color—matching the dress—with-out much trimming may be used with a very plain frock.

The illustration shows a semi-shirt waist style that is as suitable for a middle-aged woman as a young lady if the sleeves are made wrist length for the older wearer. Crepe de chine, foulard, alpaca, cashmere and flannel are suitable textures, and with the trimming modified the design is quite possible for linen, madras and pongee or other wash shirtings. As pictured, the waist is part of a dress of dim green cachemire de sole with a trimming of black satin. For the elderly wearer the waist can be closed at the side front, the back openings seeming a little too foolish for those above a certain age.

MARY DEAN.

Rich Street Gowns.

With the exception of a very few costumes, street gowns in the present season are matters of such elaboration as to make them particularly difficult to describe in a class by themselves. To be sure, there are numbers of two-piece costumes composed of a skirt and a coat for which a waist must be designed unless the shirtwaist is resorted to; but the majority of street costumes of today represent an under-dress of great richness, especially at the top, with a coat that is modifyingly plain, perhaps, but not necessarily so. There are charming cotton voile waists offered for use with the skirt-and-coat costume, and novel chiffon waist tops for the plainer complete underdresses.—Harper's Bazar.

If you depend upon the mail to do that important business you may regret the time it takes.

Successful men everywhere are using "Western Union Day Letters" and "Night Letters" to clip days off the fastest mail service.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

PHOENIX CAFE

The Best Place to Eat ALL THE TIME

WE CATER TO PARTICULAR PEOPLE

Bright—Clean—Cool

356 S. Elm Street JOHN D. GALLINS, Prop.

The Commercial National Bank

Greensboro, N. C.

Capital and Undivided Profits, \$220,000.00

F. B. RICKS, President. F. C. BOYLES, Cashier.
E. J. Stafford, Vice President. I. F. FEEBLES, Asst. Cashier.

We solicit accounts from individuals, firms and corporations, issue Certificates of Deposit and sell Foreign Exchange.

4 Per Cent. Paid on Savings Deposits.

DO IT NOW

Better write your will while you can direct it. Figure out what you want and our attorney in connection with your attorney if you desire, will write it free, if you designate us as your executor. Our long experience in such matters will enable us to carry out your expressed wishes to the letter. And you will know exactly what it will cost.

THE GREENSBORO LOAN & TRUST CO.

J. W. FRY, President.

W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer.

A girl likes to ride on those thrilling roller coasters so she can show her courage by clinging to the nearest man.

HAVE YOU ANY OF THESE SYMPTOMS

"Are you irritable?"
"Are you nervous?"
"Do you get dizzy?"
"Have you no energy?"
"Do you have cold feet?"
"Do you feel miserable?"
"Is your memory poor?"
"Do you get tired easily?"
"Do you have hot flushes?"
"Is your eyesight blurred?"
"Have you pain in the back?"
"Can't you explain where?"
"Is your flesh soft and flabby?"
"Are your spirits low at times?"
"Is there a bloating after eating?"
"Have you a pain around the loins?"
"Do you have a gurgling in bowels?"
"Do you have a rumbling in bowels?"
"Is there throbbing in the stomach?"
"Do you have sense of heat in the bowels?"
"Do you suffer from pains in temples?"
"Do you have palpitation of the heart?"
"Do these feelings affect your memory?"
"Is there a general feeling of lassitude?"

THESE ARE SURE SIGNS THAT YOU NEED

Dr. Carey's Marsh Root

DON'T NEGLECT THESE WARNINGS THEY ARE NATURE'S SIGNALS

Trial size, FIFTY CENTS. Large bottle containing two and one-half times as much as Trial Size, ONE DOLLAR. A POSITIVE BANK DRAFT GUARANTEE WITH EACH ONE DOLLAR PACKAGE.

Conyers & Sykes,
McAdoo Hotel Corner,
Z. V. Conyers,
350 S. Elm St.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK

CAPITAL \$300,000.00

START YOUR OWN ACCOUNT.

If you do not have an account with this bank, start one, even though it is small. We are interested in your success and business welfare. We want to help you to the very best of our ability. Come to us for advice. You are welcome to ask questions freely and consult us as often as you wish. It will be a pleasure to us if we can be of assistance to you.

4% INTEREST SAVINGS

Forgotten Foods.

It is well to remember that many plants which once were used as vegetables have been allowed to drop out of our bills of fare. Our forefathers, for instance, sometimes dined off elder top and burdock root, and the early shoots of the hop were considered a great delicacy and were cooked and eaten as asparagus. Walter Jerrold, in his "Highways and Byways in Kent," recalls a time when Kentish children could "tell of many pleasant hours spent among the hedges in search of the wild hop top and of the wholesome suppers made upon the well earned treasure they had learned to think their food the better for being rare and costly.

Try a Telegram Want Ad.

Have You Commenced Saving The TELEGRAM'S BASEBALL COUPONS?

You will find elsewhere in this paper a COUPON which when properly filled in and presented at the office of The Greensboro Telegram with 11 other coupons will entitle you to a copy of "FACTS FOR FANS." This is your opportunity to get a complete record of all baseball happenings, rules, individual averages, team averages, players' names and most any other information that you desire for all organized leagues.

WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO

Begin with today's Coupon and save a Coupon each day until you have 12. Present these at the Office or mail them in (when mailing send two cent stamp for postage), and you will receive in return one copy of the little book full of interesting information to you

**Aster
Coleus
Scarlet Sage
Heliotrope
Verbena
Geranium
and Vegetable
Plants**

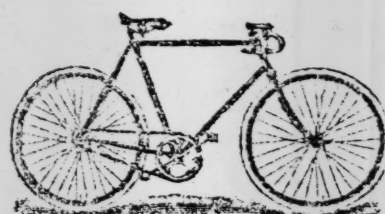
**Summit Avenue
Greenhouses**
Howard Gardner, Prop.
Greensboro, N. C.

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL

is the one unflinching scientific dressing which instantly relieves and permanently cures all hurts, cuts, burns, bruises, sprains and wounds of every kind. Pain leaves at once because the air is excluded, and the Oil covering acts as artificial skin. The quick-est, fastest healing oil known—HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL. 25 cents and 50 cents bottles.

A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO.,
Sherman, Texas

For Sale by Grissom Drug Co.,
Greensboro, N. C.



I have sold out my old stand and am now on the corner of Washington and Davis streets with a good line of new and second hand Cycles and Guns, Locks, Trunks, Keys and other repairs at right prices also.

F. A. Dorsett Bro & Co

W. H. DORSETT.
THE YELLOW FRONT.

230 South Davis Street.
New and second hand cycles and all kinds of repairs, keys, trunks, locks, baby carriages, lawn mowers, umbrellas repaired and recovered, and other repairs. Phone 476.

Sea, Sea, Sea!

The ship tossed and wobbled in an alarming manner as the twenty-five steady passengers sat down to their first meal on board.

"Good-day, gentlemen," said the captain beaming round on them all. "I trust that this voyage will be a satisfactory one to every one of the twenty-five gentlemen I see before me."

"I trust you will regard me as a friend. That every one of the seventeen gentlemen present will—"

"I hope the nine gentlemen round the table will enjoy the fish—"

"Can I ask you three gentlemen to try some boiled mutton and—"

"Steward, clear away these dishes and bring me in the pudding."

Jane—Before marriage a man is known by the company he keeps.

Tom—And after?

Jane—By the clothes his wife wears!

Father—Sarah, 11 o'clock is too late for that young man to stay; he ought to start for home at 10.

Daughter—But he does papa!

That many edges as veg-

drop out on refra-

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LIST OF SPECIFICS.

A. A. For FEVERS, Milk Fever, Lung Fever.

B. B. For BRUISES, Lacerations, Rheumatism.

C. C. For SORE Throat, Epistaxis, Distemper.

D. D. For WORMS, Bots, Grubs.

E. E. For COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.

F. F. For COLIC, Bile, Diarrhea.

G. G. Prevents MISCARriage.

H. H. For KIDNEY and Bladder Disorders.

I. I. For SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions.

J. J. For BAD CONDITION, Indigestion.

At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. 60 cts. each.

HUMPHREYS' HOME, MEDICINE CO., CORNER WILLIAM and ANN STREETS, NEW YORK.

BALLINGER'S SUCCESSOR IS "MENTIONED" FOR PRESIDENT

"Mentioning" is Very Common in Washington
Nowadays—Trouble Ahead For Republican Officeholders—Political News of Capital.

(By RALPH M. WHITESIDE.)
Special to The Telegram.

Washington June 19.—"Count that day lost whose low descending sun" finds no new name mentioned for the presidency. That's about the situation in Washington these days. It's a poor State indeed which cannot afford to offer to the American people at least one favorite son who would make an ideal president of these United States.

For instance Secretary of the Interior Fisher, the man who succeeded Hon. Richard Achilles Ballinger is an ideal man for president. Do you doubt it? Well, just ask Lafe Pence, of Colorado, New York and elsewhere. Col. Pence ought to know who would make a good president and though a Democrat, he declared at a recent Eta Beta Pi, beg pardon Sigma Chi banquet that Mr. Fisher had every requisite for a first class president and while he is not in line for next year being a Republican and President Taft having a cinch on that nomination, but in 1916 watch out for Fisher.

There is more trouble ahead of Republican office holders around the State capital. This time it is the men around the Senate who get the shivers every time they see a strange letter in their letter boxes.

There may be some who believe that a man who has achieved the height of a seat in the United States Senate, is so engrossed with reciprocity and things that he has no time to think of such sordid things as patronage. If there be such they have another guess coming. As a matter of fact there is no more active and be it said, successful job chaser, in Washington than your U. S. Senator.

It is pretty generally known that quite a few new senators came to Washington with the opening of the present extra session and precisely the same number went out. Some of the outgoers had been in the Senate for a long time and had accumulated for their constituents a number of very pleasant and lucrative jobs about the senate.

Senatorial courtesy does not apply to Exs in jobs any more than in anything else and the new men have their eyes and some will have their hands on the jobs held by proteges of the Exs.

Already committees are looking over the list and any Senate employee who has no senator to look after him is more than likely to have a long vacation without pay.

The Senate has before it the Canadian Reciprocity agreement and is likely to have it for some little time.

The fact that there were four separate and distinct reports on it from the Finance Committee is an earnest of what is to come. There are 91 United States Senators, now, it is conservative to say that not less than fifty are convinced that the country will go to eternal ruin if they do not get in the record with a speech on this burning question. And a Senate speech is no sprint. There are a score or more of Senators who can speak for three or four days on a question like this as easily as Ty Cobb can bat out a base hit when the opposing pitcher is putting them over slow and straight. Of course all the fifty may not get a chance to talk but it is safe to say that no citizen of this broad land who cares to read the Congressional Record for the next few months need lack for arguments to show that the reciprocity agreement is the grandest piece of legislation of the past century or the most damnable conspiracy that ever sought to destroy the American people.

Then I venture to predict that the bill will pass, without the Root Amendment and in another six months the great American people will have forgotten all about it.

The Pacific Northwest wants the Alaska coal fields developed. John G. Herrier of the State of Washington says so. "The commercial bodies of all the Pacific Coast States have petitioned the President urging him to decide the Alaska coal claims."

"The have also petitioned Congress to grant Territorial government with an elective legislature for Alaska," says Mr. Herrier who is chairman of the Democratic State Committee of this State.

"It is a thing for the people of the East to appreciate how vitally important these matters are to the people of the West. The only thing that saved the Republican party from overwhelming defeat in all the Western States was the insurgent movement within the party, and to a great insurgency was due the attitude of the administration in regard to conservation."

"People of the West believe in preventing the waste and the destruction of

the natural resources, but they do not believe in hermetically sealing the great resources of the West.

"All the civic and commercial bodies of Seattle, with a membership of over 6,000 of the bankers, business men, and professional men of that city, have united in a petition to the Democrats of the lower House of Congress to pass a bill granting an elective legislature to Alaska at this session of Congress."

"The people of the West have given up any hope of ever getting any relief from the Republican administration, and they are now turning to the Democrats, and if the Democrats will give them the relief that they seek there is no question about the West going Democratic next year. Republicans by the thousands in the West are open in their sympathy and in declaring their intention of voting the Democratic ticket as a rebuke to this administration's neglect of the West."

Is the House of Representatives coming into its own again? Is the new Democratic majority about to bring the popular branch of the Federal Legislature from under the dominance of the overshadowing Senate? These questions are beginning to be asked here by students of government and men interested in public affairs who have been observers of Congress for twenty years. Their inquiries grow out of the renewed and active interest of the proceedings of the House since the present extraordinary session began.

It is too early, of course, to say whether this restoration of House activities to public interest and public attention is apparent or real, whether it grows out of the circumstance that the House is now Democratic for the first time in sixteen years, or whether it is a beginning of a readjustment of the powers which are supposed to reside in equilibrium in the two Houses, but of which the Senate has held an undue share for at least a decade.

Certainly, more attention has been given to the House this spring and summer than at any time in many years. Twenty years ago the Washington dispatches to the newspapers were concerned principally with the House proceedings and House activities. The Washington correspondents felt it to be their duty to know most of the members of the House, and to spend the greater part of their time in the House galleries when the two branches were in session. The House leaders in those days were known to the entire country. Their speeches were reported. Their views were sought on public questions. What they had to say on the floor and off of it was heard with attention by the people of the entire country. As the old time observers were like to say, there were giants in the House in those days. Of late years, however, the Senate has gradually taken in more and more power until up to the beginning of the present session it seemed supreme. A change might not be a bad thing.

In a Boston school the children were asked to come prepared with the meaning of the word "bachelor" for the next lesson.

This was one little girl's confident definition:

"A bachelor is a very happy man."

The teacher wanted to know more.

"How did the little girl know that?"

"Father told me so."

Stop Experimenting! Take a 'Cascaret'

Nearly All Our Ills Come through Inactive Liver and Bowels. Millions of Folks Keep Feeling Good With Cascarets.

One must keep the bowels clean. Do it just the same as you keep your skin clean. Not by severe applications, applied at rare intervals. But by gentle and regular efforts. It pays immensely.

Many people dread physic. They think of castor oil, of salts and cathartics. They shrink from the after-effects—griping and weakness. So they postpone the dose until they are costive or bilious. Then they do the cleaning in a heroic way. That is all wrong.

Cascarets are a gentle laxative. They are just as effective as anything else, and more natural. And they are pleasant—a candy. They are made to carry with you. Take one just as soon as you need it. You'll know. The result is your bowels are always active. You always feel at your best. Try a 10 cent box of Cascarets. You'll never again go without them.

The News of Whitsett.

Whitsett, June 19.—Mrs. John W. Summers left for Raleigh the first of last week where she will spend some time visiting her sister.

Mrs. R. K. Davenport who went to Charlotte some weeks ago has been quite sick, but she is now improving. She will remain in Charlotte for the summer.

J. W. Summers, W. T. Whitsett, L. T. Barber, Egbert Ingle and others went to Raleigh Saturday last on the Sunday school excursion from the Reformed church of Greensboro. Among others from this section were Misses Bertha Boone, Grace Hoffman, Annie Foust.

Letters have been received from W. K. Perrett telling of his safe arrival at Tokio, Japan, from whence he will go to Manila in a short while. He will teach in the Government schools of the Philippines.

Mrs. John H. Rankin who has been sick for some weeks improves slowly. She is still confined to her room.

Rev. J. D. Andrew preached here Sunday from the text, "If the righteous scarcely be saved, where shall the sinner and the ungodly be?" He was assisted in the service by Rev. C. N. Plott of Catawba College who is visiting in this section of the State.

O. W. Bright, of New York City, came in Saturday to be here for the wheat harvest on his farm "Oak Lodge."

J. W. Taylor is in Northampton county traveling in the interest of two or three business lines.

While the 22d of June is stated by the calendars to be the first day of summer, still it is to be hoped that it will be no hotter than we have already had.

Robert E. Buck of Greensboro, was a visitor Saturday.

Two or three parties were here last week looking around at houses and building lots with a view to locating here in the near future.

Fishing parties are the popular thing now, and some have had quite good luck in capturing some fine fish.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY REMEDY

Is particularly recommended for chronic cases of kidney and bladder trouble. It tends to regulate and control the kidney and bladder action and is healing, strengthening and bracing. For sale by Howard Gardner.

"I understand your wife collaborates with you?"

"Yes; her work aids me immensely."

"I don't believe I have ever seen any of her writings."

"She doesn't write; she prepares my meals."

A LEADING CALIFORNIA DRUGGIST

Pasadena, Cal., March 9, 1911.

Foley and Co., Gentlemen:—We have sold and recommended Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for years. We believe it to be one of the most efficient expectorants on the market. Containing no opiates or narcotics it can be given freely to children. Enough of the remedy can be taken to relieve a cold, as it has no nauseating results, and does not interfere with digestion. Yours very truly, C. H. Ward Drug Co., C. L. Parsons, Sec'y and Treas. Get the original Foley's Honey and Tar Compound in the yellow package. For sale by Howard Gardner.

"How is the market now?"

"Very quiet."

"Anything moving in cheese?"

"Not a mite!"

Wins Fight For Life.

It was a long and bloody battle for life that was waged by James B. Mershon, of Newark, N. J., of which he writes: "I had lost much blood from lung hemorrhages, and was very weak and run-down. For eight months I was unable to work. Death seemed close on my heels, when I began, three weeks ago, to use Dr. King's New Discovery. But it has helped me greatly. It is doing all that you claim." For weak, sore lungs, obstinate coughs, stubborn colds, hoarseness, la grippe, asthma, hay-fever or any throat or lung trouble its supreme. 50c. and \$1. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Fariss-Klutznick Drug Co.

In Defense of the Primrose.

Poisonous or not, the primrose was largely consumed by our forefathers, who endowed it with a variety of medicinal properties. The flowers soddien in vinegar were applied externally for the king's evil, and boiled in wine were taken internally for "all diseases of the breast and lungs," and one famous London practitioner also prescribed the primrose boiled as a strengthening diet for convalescents. As late as 1837 the primrose could be found in English dispensatories as a sedative. But, apart from its consumption by invalids, the primrose had its place in the bill of fare, and primrose pastry, made of dough and the flowers chopped up fine and mixed with sugar, was a common dish in Lancashire.—London Chronicle.

And Mother Is Out.

He—Would you scream if I kissed you?

She—Yes, of course I would.

(Silence.)

She—George—

He—Yes; what is it?

She—Father's deaf.

(Tableau) — Pennsylvania Punch Bowl.

MONKEY WITH MEDAL

MASCOT OF H. M. S. VIGILANT IS DECORATED FOR SERVICE.

Jenny, a Simian From the Andaman Islands, Went Through Abyssinian Campaign and Liked the Roar of Battle.

Nearly every warship has had a pet aboard at one time or another, but very few of these animals have ever attained the distinction accorded to Jenny, the mascot of H. M. S. Vigilant, who served through the Abyssinian campaign and was discharged with a service medal, suitably inscribed with her name and rating, suspended by a silver chain about her hairy neck.

Jenny was found in the Andaman Islands, where no monkeys were supposed to exist, and she belonged to a new species. Her body was covered with long, light gray hair, much finer and silkier than the hair of the average simian; her head was unusually broad between the ears, her eyes larger than others of her kind and her hands more like those of a human being.

Jenny was about a year old when captured, and at first was very wild, but from constant petting she quickly grew tame and took to life on the ocean wave like a duck to water.

Every man aboard the ship, from Captain Brown down to the cook, took turns at educating Jenny, and as she was amazingly intelligent it never needed more than two or three lessons to teach her what she must or must not do. She was permitted the run of the vessel, and never betrayed the trust reposed in her by an act of wanton mischief. Jenny showed a marked fondness for something to nurse and pet, and adopted a half-grown chicken as her baby, rocking it in her arms for hours at a time, much to the chicken's disgust. When it died—probably from too much affection—Jenny moped and was inconsolable. One of the sailors made a rag doll for her, but finding it was not alive she promptly threw it overboard.

She had her own hammock slung with the men and turned in when they did. She never was able to learn to lash her hammock, though she made many attempts to do so. She always was in her particular place at the mess table, ate with a fork and spoon, drank from a cup, and learned to like tea with milk and sugar. Her favorite dish was corn meal and molasses. She also relished a glass of grog and enjoyed a pipe, which she filled and lighted without assistance.

Jenny showed no fear of firearms and kept her station on deck when the batteries were roaring. When the Vigilant reached England after a four years' cruise and her crew was mustered out, Jenny was presented to the London zoo.

Jupiter's Sky Thief.

The planet Jupiter has been found guilty, on both direct and circumstantial evidence, of stealing comets, says Prof. D. J. McAdams, writing in Harper's Weekly. There are some thirty comets whose orbits lie so close to Jupiter's that the homage which they seem to pay to him cannot be accidental. But Jupiter has been caught red-handed. In 1767, as a certain comet was passing Jupiter's orbit on its 48-year period, Jupiter tried to steal it and succeeded in reducing its period to one of five and a half years. But Jupiter cannot catch every comet which he attacks. In 1779 he tried again, and his greed spoiled his work. He pulled out the period of its orbit from five and a half to twenty-seven years. In 1856 Jupiter pulled back the orbit to one of seven years and split it into five pieces. His next chance will arrive in 1921, when he may capture or destroy it.

Literary Persons Inferior Penmen.

The handwriting of literary men is supposed to have improved during recent years, but there are still a few with a fondness for hieroglyphics. At a meeting of the Methodist conference in Melbourne, Australia, the other day Rev. Dr. Pritchett, author of "Deeds That Won the Empire," and other popular works, handed up a resolution. The president looked at it, turned it upside down and round about, and at length gave it up in despair. The clerk was equally unable to decipher it. "I must ask Brother Pritchett," said the president, "to be good enough to rewrite his resolution and try to make it readable. At present it resembles a doctor's prescription."

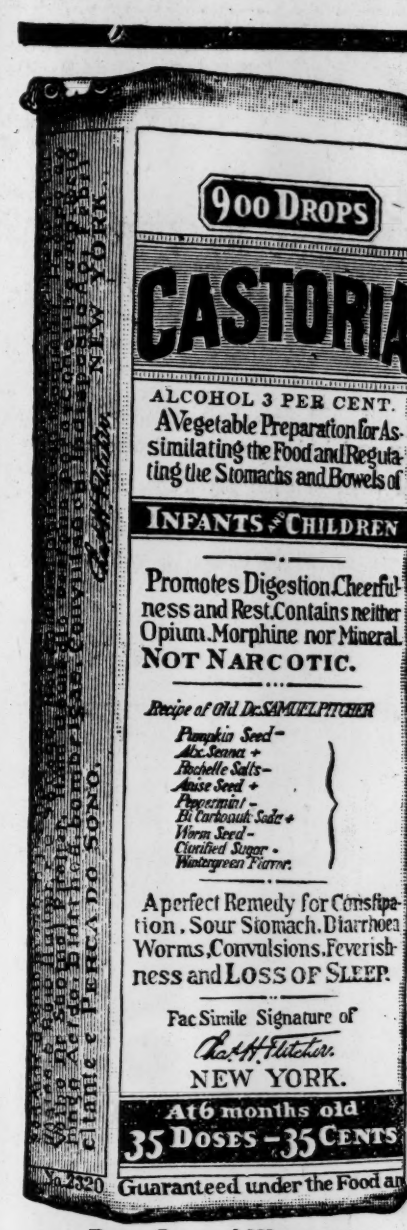
Deep-Seated Notion About Reading.

The desire to make persons read is one of the most curious obsessions of the American librarian. Where it does not take the pestiferous form of trying to browbeat people to read "useful" and "instructive" books when they want amusing books, it becomes an attempt to turn reading for pleasure into reading for duty. It will apparently take generations to remove from the heads of many persons the deep-seated notion that the reading of a book (no matter how noble as a work of literature) simply and purely and absolutely for pleasure with no ulterior motive of pecuniary gain, increase of knowledge, education or culture, that such reading is not a little sinful.

That's All.

"Did Gladys really swoon as she says when Jack proposed?"

"No; that was only a faint premonition."



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

of

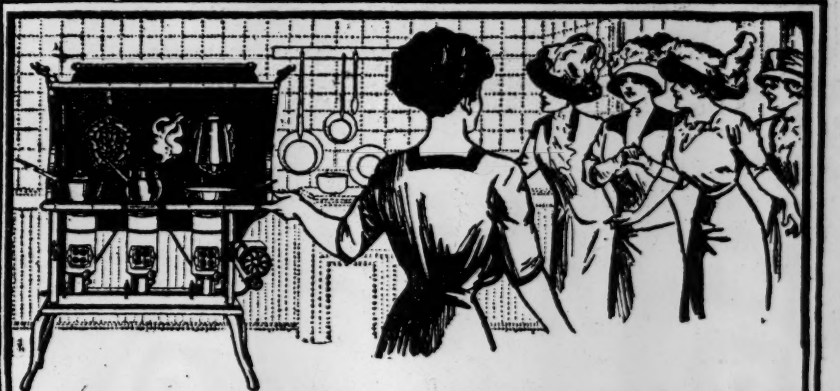
In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



"The Best in the World"

As the bride led her friends into her cool, spotless kitchen, they broke into a chorus of approval.

"Well, I am proud of it," she said, "and proudest of all of my stove. It's a New Perfection Oil Cook-stove, and I think they are the best in the world. They toast, roast, broil and bake equally well—really to perfection—and the kitchen stays much cooler and cleaner than with any other range. This stove cuts my kitchen work almost in half."

There is no wood or coal to carry for a New Perfection; no ashes to clean up. It is ready for use as soon as lit; out at a touch of the fingers—economical as well as quick and convenient.

**New Perfection
Oil Cook-stove**

Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners, with long, turquoise blue enameled chambers. Handicrafts finished throughout. The 2- and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without a cabinet top, which is fitted with drop shelves, towel racks, etc. Dealers everywhere; or write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the Standard Oil Company (Incorporated).

STOMACH LIVER LUNGS

Each of the chief organs of the body is a link in the Chain of Life. A chain is no stronger than its weakest link, the body no stronger than its weakest organ. If there is weakness of stomach, liver or lungs, there is a weak link in the chain of life which may snap at any time. Often this so-called "weakness" is caused by lack of nutrition, the result of weakness or disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. Diseases and weaknesses of the stomach and its allied organs are cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When the weak or diseased stomach is cured, diseases of other organs which seem remote from the stomach but which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition, are cured also.

The strong man has a strong stomach. Take the above recommended "Discovery" and you may have a strong stomach and a strong body.

Given Away.—Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, new revised Edition, is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



Incompatible.

The weekly lesson in Sunday school dealt with the corrupting influence of luxury and worldliness, and the golden text was a well-known sentence that the superintendent wished all the children to remember.

It sounded like an easy text to learn and the superintendent, mounting the platform for a final review of the lesson, when the school assembled for closing exercises, was sure of a pleasing response from his pupils.

"Who," he began "can repeat the golden text?"

A score of hands were raised, and the superintendent chose a little girl with blue eyes, a well-bred, well-behaved little girl from a well-to-do and particular family, to repeat the text for him.

"Well, Dorothy," he said, "you may tell it to us. Stand up so we can all

hear you."

Dorothy stood up in the prettiness of her best dress and the daintiness of her hair ribbons.

"You cannot," she said distinctly.

"You cannot serve God and mamma."

Foley Kidney Pills contain just the ingredients necessary to regulate and strengthen the action of the kidneys and bladder. Try them yourself. For sale by Howard Gardner.

Unless you are very rich you cannot afford to have things given to you.—Chicago News.

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"The newest, I believe."

"What is his distinguished peculiarity?"

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They carry pestilence wherever they go and they can't be staped out too quickly. Get to work today and kill them out as fast as they appear. We have every aid you could wish—Poison Fly Paper, Daisy Fly Killer, Sticky Fly Paper and Insect Powder by the bottle or by the pound. Everything so cheap that every one can afford to enlist in swatting the fly.

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The Greensboro Telegram No. 48

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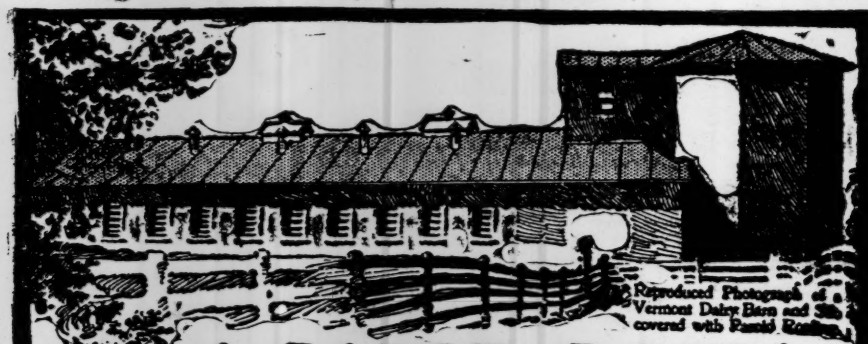
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Send for Samples. Investigate for yourself. New book of Building Plans for Poultry and Farm Buildings free if you call.

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Mrs. Housekeeper,

We have the Household Articles for your comfort and convenience

during all this hot weather, "Such as the Perfection Oil Stoves, The Gasoline Cook Stoves, The Toledo Steam Cooker, The SUCCESS FIRE-LESS Cooker, the White Mountain Ice Cream Freezers, Palmers Line of beautiful Hammocks, Fly Screens and the Kink Fly Killer, let us serve you. We are,

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BATTING RALLY IN SEVENTH GAVE LOCALS THE GAME

With Two Men Down Four Singles in Succession Sent Five Men Across The Rubber Just Before The Downpour Which Ended The Contest.

In a contest in which the spectacular and unusual predominated the Patriots won from Charlotte at Cone park yesterday afternoon by a score of five to three. The locals' five runs were made in the seventh inning after two men were out and only a few minutes before a thunder storm put an end to the game. The fans were already leaving the park to escape the oncoming storm when the Patriots broke loose in their enthusiastic rally.

The bases had been filled in the seventh by Bauswine, who gave Walters, Rickard and Doyle bases on balls in succession, followed by striking out Fuller and Clapp, two of the locals best batters. The heart of every fan was in his mouth when Doak followed Clapp and Fuller and fanned at two balls without touching them. Then the third strike came—a pretty one—and Doak hit it fairly. The second baseman jumped for it, but it was too high for him. Doak was safe on first and Walters and Rickard crossed the plate. Then Corwin got his third single of the game, scoring Doyle. Lowman singled and scored Doak. Stuart singled and scored Corwin. Then Tony went to bat for the second time in the inning and not caring to run the bases any more he fanned and ended Bauswine's agony. Seigfried came to the bat in the beginning of the eighth, but Empire O'Brien called the game on account of darkness and the approaching storm before he had his time at the bat. The rally in the seventh had snatched victory from apparent defeat.

Charlotte's three runs were made in the fourth. Two men were out when Wofford hit for two bases. Seigfried hit back of second base and Rickard ran for the ball, but muffed it. Wofford scoring. Then Malcolmson hit the ball to deep centerfield and the cork center bounded over the garden wall for the first home run on the local diamond this season. His run and Seigfried's making three for the inning. Although these three runs were unearned it looked as if it would win the game for Charlotte, but the fates decreed otherwise.

Bauswine was unusually wild, and his wildness gave the Patriots the game. But for his bases on balls the result would probably be different. Walters did far the best work, and but for Rickard's error the Hornets would not have made a single tally. Several times Walters and Bauswine worked themselves out of holes with the bases occupied. Once on each side the bases were crowded with only one man down and each pitcher prevented his opponents from scoring.

The game was featured by the fielding of Corwin Doak and Doyle for the locals and Agnew and Garman for the visitors. The Hornets have a fine man in Agnew. He is an all-round player, quick, heady and sure as an infielder, a good hitter and base-runner. His work outshone that of any player in yesterday's game, despite his one error.

Corwin and Doak had on their batting clothes and got three hits each in four times at the bat, two of them contributing to the rally in the seventh and scoring three men.

The official score:
Greensboro—AB. R. H. PO. A. E.
Rickard, cf. 2 1 1 3 0 1
Doyle, 2b. 2 1 0 2 1 0
Fuller, 1b. 2 0 1 9 0 1
Clapp, lf. 4 0 0 1 0 0
Doak, 3b. 4 1 3 2 1 1
Corwin, ss. 4 1 3 2 4 0
Lowman, rf. 3 0 1 0 0 0
Stuart, c. 3 0 1 2 0 0
Walters, p. 3 1 0 0 2 0
Totals 27 5 10 21 8 2

Charlotte—AB. R. H. PO. A. E.
McMillan, cf. 4 0 1 1 0 0
Agnew, 2b. 3 0 1 4 1 1
Garman, 1b. 3 0 0 3 1 0
Cross, 3b. 3 0 1 2 1 0
Coutts, lf. 4 0 0 1 0 0
Wofford, rf. 4 1 1 2 0 1
Seigfried, ss. 3 1 0 1 3 0
Malcolmson, c. 3 1 1 7 1 0
Bauswine, p. 3 0 1 0 1 0
Totals 30 3 6 21 8 2

Summary: Earned runs—Greensboro 5. Home run—Malcolmson. Three-base hits—Rickard, Agnew. Two-base hits—Wofford. Sacrifice hits—Doyle. Bases on balls—off Walters 2; off Bauswine 7. Strike outs—by Walters 2; by Bauswine 6. Stolen bases—Fuller, Agnew, Garman. Double plays—Agnew to Garman. Left on bases—Greensboro 8, Charlotte 7. Hit by pitched balls—Garman. Time—1 hour and 25 minutes. Umpire—O'Brien. Attendance—700.

RESULTS OF BIG LEAGUE GAMES

Americans.
At Detroit: R. H. E.
Chicago 5 12 4
Detroit 8 10 1
Batteries—Young and Black; Willett and Stange.

At Philadelphia: R. H. E.
Washington 2 6 7
Philadelphia 6 5 0
Batteries—Johnson and Street; Bender and Thomas.

At New York: R. H. E.
Boston 6 7 1
Yankees 3 8 1
Batteries—Word and Numamaker; Quinn, Caldwell and Sweeney.

Nationals.
At Pittsburgh: R. H. E.
Brooklyn 0 4 3
Pittsburgh 3 9 1
Batteries—Schardt and Bergen; Leifeld and Gibson.

Southern.
At Chattanooga—Birmingham 0. Chattanooga 9.
At Nashville—Mobile 2. Nashville 6.
At Memphis—New Orleans 1. Memphis 2.

DIAMOND DUST

Baseball today at 4:30.

The Hornets and Patriots meet again this afternoon.

The game is never over till the last man is out—or until it rains.

You miss lots of fun by leaving before the game is finished—it's a bad habit.

Corwin and Doak were the star batters for the locals yesterday; three hits in four times at the bat each.

Malcolmson is the first man to get 72 five-cent sacks of Bull Durham smoking tobacco for knocking a home run on the local diamond.

Rickard was the most surprised man in the park when he saw Malcolmson's drive go flying by him and bound over the garden wall into the woods.

Bauswine's wildness loses many a game for Charlotte. Think of giving three men bases on balls in succession; then allowing four hits in succession.

President Wearn has decided adversely to the locals in the matter of the contested game with Greenville here last Tuesday. The contest was on account of Empire Nugent's not allowing Clapp to go to third on an infield fly that was muffed by Hoey. Clapp ran when the ball was muffed and made it safely. President Wearn says that Nugent was wrong in making Clapp go back to second, but that as Clapp had no opportunity to score anyway he does not think there is sufficient reason for throwing out the game. The local club might appeal to the directors, but this will hardly be done, as President Wearn's ruling appears just.

SPINNERS AND TWINS DIVIDE DOUBLE-HEADER

Greenville, June 19.—A double header here this afternoon broke even. Winston won the first ten to nothing and Greenville the second 4 to 1. Numerous hits off a local outfielder with errors and lack of team work for the locals gave Winston the first game. Several sensational plays were made, noticeably one by Pitcher-Outfielder Cason for the locals. Boyle was effective all through the first game. In the second until the rain started for the second time Jamison, a nineteen year old Greenville boy, held the visitors to no hits until the last inning when one followed an error and brought in one score. The visitors delayed the game after the fifth because Umpire Nugent refused to call the game on the drizzle and two players were fined, one sent to the bench and Manager Clancy was ordered out of the park. Score by innings: (1st. game.)

R. H. E.
Winston 215 000 2—10 15 2
Greenville 000 000 0—0 4 4
Batteries—Boyle and Dailey; Blackstone and Kite. Umpire, Nugent. Score by innings: (2d. game.)

R. H. E.
Greenville 100 040—4 6 1
Winston 000 001—1 3 3
Batteries—Jamison and Kite; Boyle and Dailey. Umpire—Nugent.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Carolina Association.		
	W.	P.C.
Winston	28	15
GREENSBORO	23	17
Greenville	22	23
Charlotte	20	25
Spartanburg	19	24
Anderson	16	29

Nationals.		
	W.	P.C.
Chicago	35	19
New York	34	21
Phillies	32	24
Pittsburg	31	23
St. Louis	29	25
Cincinnati	25	30
Brooklyn	20	35
Boston	13	42

American.		
	W.	P.C.
Detroit	39	18
Philadelphia	34	18
New York	28	23
Boston	29	25
Chicago	25	34
Cleveland	24	34
Washington	20	34
St. Louis	16	39

Southern.		
	W.	P.C.
New Orleans	37	20
Birmingham	29	28
Montgomery	32	34
Mobile	28	32
Memphis	27	32
Chattanooga	26	30
Nashville	26	31
Atlanta	23	30

SPARTANS TOOK SLOW GAME FROM THE ELECTRICIANS

Spartanburg, S. C., June 19.—With the score 6 to 5 in favor of the locals, a rather slow and erroring game came to a close. All the errors were costly but both sides were even in them. Some pretty plays were pulled off, especially one by Anderson's outfielder, McCarthy, which robbed a Spartan of a home run. The game was protested by Manager Laval of the locals in the third because a batsman was sent to first base being hit and Laval claimed the ball was struck at.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Spartanburg 112 000 20x—6 10 3
Anderson 003 001 010—5 10 3
Batteries—Ferrell and Smith; Scanlon and Brannon. Umpire—Leibrich.

Funeral of H. L. Brown Yesterday

The funeral of Hugh L. Brown, whose sad but not unexpected end occurred

Sunday evening about 6 o'clock, was held yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock from his home, 508 West Washington street. Rev. R. Murphy Williams, pastor of the Church of the Covenant, of which the deceased has been a loyal and devoted member for a number of years, conducted the funeral services and officiated at the burial of the body in Green Hill cemetery. N. J. McDuffie, J. R. Brown, E. J. Stafford, W. L. Clement, W. S. Clary and W. E. Blair served as pall-bearers.

Mr. Brown, who was 76 years of age at the time of his death, had been in ill health for several months but had not been confined to his bed continuously during the sickness. On last Friday he was suddenly afflicted with a serious relapse and never completely recovered consciousness to the end.

The deceased is survived by his wife and two sons, Dr. John L. Brown, of Camille, Ga.; and Rufus Brown, of Norfolk. Dr. Brown has been in attendance at the bedside of his father for some time. The latter son has been in ill health for some time and could not come here but Mrs. Rufus Brown has been nursing the sick man for several weeks.

Mr. Brown was one of Greensboro's most valued citizens and throughout his life has upheld the character of a kind husband and father, and in every act a Christian gentleman.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN REVIVAL WILL CLOSE TONIGHT.
The revival services which have been in progress at the First Presbyterian church during the past week will come to a close tonight. The services have been well attended and the interest has been quite pronounced. Rev. McLean, who has been assisting the pastor, is an able evangelist and his sermons have been the means of spiritual uplift to the congregation. There will be services this morning at 8 o'clock and this evening at 8 o'clock. The public cordially invited to attend.

Last Thought Was His Mother.
To prevent his aged mother from being shocked by his terrible injuries sustained in an accident, John Grady of Belfast, when carried to his home the other day, began to sing with apparent light-heartedness. He was a lineman, and while repairing some wires a current of 4,000 volts was accidentally turned into them. Both of Grady's arms were burned off near the elbow, and one leg was burned to the bone before he was rescued. As he was being carried into his home he sang "Top o' the Mornin'," a favorite song of his aged mother. She came down to meet him, and he called to her cheerily that he had been slightly burned, and asked her the shock as much as he could. He died a few hours later.

"SWEET SIXTEEN"

PRESENTED BY

Jno. B. Wills & Comp'y

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Special Scenery, New Songs, New Jokes

IF YOU CAN'T LAUGH DON'T COME!

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Whenever You're Hot, Tired or Thirsty

Work, play or weather hot---brain tired or body weary---parched dry or just plain thirsty

Think of and Drink

Coca-Cola

It is delightfully cooling and refreshing---relieves fatigue of body, brain and nerves---quenches the thirst---not just wet and sweet, but vigorously satisfying.

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Atlanta, Ga.

Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola"

Whenever you see an Arrow, think of Coca-Cola